

Tida Samalapa Executive Vice President



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Securities and Exchange Commission

450 Fifth Street

Washington, D.C. 20549

U.S.A.



NOV 1 9 2003

Dear Sirs:

We are transmitting herewith, in accordance with our undertakings pursuant Rule 12g3-2 (b) under the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934, an English language summary of certain information that is being made public in Thailand.

Please arrange for the attached to be placed in our Rule 12g3-2 (b) "file" with the Commission.

PROCESSED NOV 25 2003 THOMSON Yours sincerely,

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Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

For the third quarter ended September 30, 2003

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1.1 An Overview of the Thai Economy in the Third Quarter of 2003

Although the level of economic activity was unchanged from the previous quarter, the year-on-year growth continued to be moderate as a result of comparison to a high base. Key indicators include:

- While the value of exports in U.S. dollars was higher than the second quarter, exports registered a year-on-year growth rate of 11.00 percent in the third quarter, compared to 16.81 percent in the previous quarter.
- In tandem with exports, import growth softened to 11.80 percent in the third quarter, down from 12.14 percent in the previous quarter, despite registering a higher value in U.S. dollars in the third quarter.
- The softening in exports resulted in a trade surplus of USD838 million in the third quarter, compared to USD1.44 billion in the second quarter.
- Manufacturing production also slowed. The growth in the Manufacturing Production Index dropped to 9.00 percent in the third quarter from 13.97 percent in the previous quarter. This moderation was broad-based, covering key sectors, such as food, beverages, vehicles and equipment, and electronics and electrical products.
- However, tourism registered a rebound after being hard hit by the SARS epidemic in the previous quarters. The number of tourists rose 0.10 percent in the third quarter, compared to a 40.00 percent contraction in the second quarter.

Due to the softening in exports and manufacturing production, we expect Thailand's Gross Domestic Product to grow at a rate of around 5.60 percent in the third quarter, down from 5.78 percent in the second quarter and 6.69 percent in the first quarter.

The slow down in economic activity has sustained excess liquidity in the system and led commercial banks to cuts deposit and loan interest rates in June and July.

1.2 Direction of Business Operations

During the third quarter of 2003, KASIKORNBANK continued to improve business operations by using the Balance Scorecard concept as a tool to achieve our goals with efficiency and flexibility. Operational performance is tracked and analyzed, and targets adjusted to reflect the changing business environment. To enhance opportunities and potential growth, the Bank also continues to pursue and closely monitor the strategic programs implemented since 2000.

The Bank strongly believes that conducting operations in accordance with world-class good corporate governance standards are critical to reach the Bank's primary objective of maximizing shareholder and stakeholder value. To achieve this, the Bank regularly monitors risk and revises our operations to comply with government regulations. The Bank has also developed guidelines for management audits, which will be implemented in 2004. On July 21; 2003, the Bank received three awards for good management and corporate governance in the "SET AWARD 2003", held for the first time by the Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET) and Money and Banking Magazine. These awards included:

- 1. "Best Corporate Governance Report Award" for listed firms with outstanding corporate governance reporting in accordance with SET regulations.
- 2. "Best Performance Award" for listed companies in various industries having distinguished financial position and operations in 2002. The Bank was selected as the company having the best performance in the financial industry.
- 3. "Best Chief Executive Officer Award" for the CEO who has demonstrated great vision, clearly set the company's goals and strategies, and achieved remarkable financial management, while also contributing to society.

2. Operating Performance and Financial Position Analysis

2.1 Operating Performance

Operating Performance for the Third Quarter of 2003

Operating Performance

(Million Baht)

	Q3-2003	Q2-2003	Q3-2002
Income from interest and dividends	8,044	8,275	9,288
Interest expenses	3,013	3,508	4,331
Net income from interest and dividends	5,031	4,767	4,957
Bad debts and doubtful accounts (reversals)	(2,257)	(3,525)	(609)
Losses on debt restructuring	2,749	2,889	896
Normalized provisions	200	200	200
Non-interest income	1,866	7,174	1,621
Non-interest expenses	4,249	4,134	4,231
Income tax expense	20	1	(26)
Minority interest in net income	(8)	(6)	(5)
Net Income	<u>1,928</u>	<u>8,236</u>	<u>1,881</u>

For the third quarter, the Bank's consolidated net income was Baht 1,928 million, decreasing by Baht 6,308 million, or 76.60 percent, from the second quarter. However, this amount remained close to the level in the same period of last year. The quarter-on-quarter decrease was due to a drop in non-interest income amounting to Baht 5,308 million, which was due to comparison with the higher-than-usual base of the second quarter, resulting from gains in reclassification of investments totaling Baht 2,950 million, following the BoT's directives. This new practice led to an increase in non-interest income in the second quarter.

Further depressing non-interest income in the third quarter was a decrease in gains on exchange, amounting to Baht 146 million, mainly due to realized profits from the closing of foreign branches in the second quarter. Also contributing to the decrease in non-interest income in the third quarter was a decline in gains on investments.

Net Income from Interest and Dividends

For the third quarter of 2003, the Bank's consolidated net income from interest and dividends was Baht 5,031 million, rising by Baht 265 million, or 5.55 percent, over the second quarter. This was due to interest rate cuts, which, despite leading to a drop in interest and dividend income, but reduced interest expenses by a much greater amount, as the deposit base was larger than the loan base. Also helping to raise interest and dividend income was an increase in interest and dividend income from restructured debts, together with increased interest and dividend income from new loan extensions.

Compared to the same period of last year, net income from interest and dividends increased by Baht 74 million, or 1.50 percent. This was also due to interest rate cuts.

Provisions for Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

From the third quarter of 2003 onward, to facilitate analysis and monitoring of the Bank's allowance for doubtful accounts, doubtful accounts are divided into the following 3 categories:

- Allowances for doubtful accounts on normal loans based on BoT regulations.
- Allowances for doubtful accounts, which are among other classified loans, as well as the revaluation allowance for debt restructuring according to BoT regulations, and allowances maintained in excess of BoT regulations.
- Normalized provisions.

Previously, in accordance with BoT regulations, the Bank set a target for allowances on normal loans of 1%, which is already included in the total allowances for doubtful accounts. However, from this quarter onward, the Bank will also set aside an allowance for this category in proportion to net incremental normal loans, using the level of normal loans as of June 30, 2003, as the reference point for calculations. As a result, in the third quarter, the Bank incurred loan loss expenses for the increase in normal loans equal to Baht 211 million, following an increase in normal loans from Baht 393,791 million as of June 30, 2003, to Baht 414,864 million as of September 30, 2003.

Regarding normalized provisions, the Bank has targeted normalized provisioning of 0.50 percent of total loans for both performing and non-performing loans. Normalized provisioning has been gradually accumulated on a quarterly basis starting from the second quarter of 2002. For the third quarter of 2003, the Bank set up normalized provisions of Baht 200 million, resulting in an accumulated amount of Baht 1,400 million as of the end of September 2003.

Non-interest Income

For the third quarter of 2003, the Bank's consolidated non-interest income was Baht 1,866 million, decreasing by Baht 5,308 million, or 73.99 percent, from the second quarter. This was due to comparison with the high base of the second quarter, generated from gains on reclassification of investments totaling Baht 2,950 million, following the aforementioned new BoT regulations.

Also contributing to the decrease in non-interest income were declines in gains on

investments and gains on exchange amounting to Baht 2,183 million and 146 million, respectively. Decreased gains on investments were due to a less active capital market in the third quarter as compared to the second quarter. The buoyant capital market in the second quarter led to higher profits on the sales of bonds and securities, increased value of investments in some securities, and lower allowances for impairment of investments in securities. As for gains on exchange, the decrease was mainly due to realized profits from the closing of foreign branches in the second quarter.

Compared to the same period of last year, the Bank's consolidated non-interest income increased by Baht 245 million, or 15.11 percent. The rise was attributed to an increase in gains on exchange of Baht 217 million. Also leading to the rise in noninterest income was an increase in fee and service income amounting to Baht 161 million, mainly due to increased fee and service income from letters of guarantees and loans.

□ Non-interest Expenses

The Bank's consolidated non-interest expenses in the third quarter of 2003 were Baht 4,249 million, rising by a total of Baht 115 million, or 2.77 percent, from the second quarter. The increase was due to a rise in fee and service expenses amounting to Baht 154 million, mainly due to increased credit card transactions. contributing to the rise in non-interest expenses was an increase in losses on impairment of foreclosed properties totaling Baht 95 million, resulting from the transfers of assets from mortgage settlement and the acquisition of assets from public auctions under court ruling.

As for year-on-year comparison, the Bank's consolidated non-interest expenses in the third quarter of 2003 were close to the level in the same period of last year.

2.2 Financial Position Analysis

Assets

As of September 30, 2003, the Bank's total consolidated assets were Baht 811,473 million, increasing by Baht 14,001 million, or 1.76 percent, from the second quarter. Compared to the same period of last year, this amount was up by Baht 45,881 million, or 5.99 percent. The items having significant changes are as follows:

- Loans, as of September 30, 2003, were at Baht 524,025 million, rising by Baht 9,187 million, or 1.78 percent, from the second quarter. This followed an increase in net-of-repayment loans totaling Baht 12,400 million, offsetting the write-off of bad loans from debt restructuring and legal liquidation of Baht 1.775 million.
- Securities purchased under resale agreements, as of the end of September 2003, were Baht 55,000 million, increasing by Baht 5,000 million, or 10.00 percent, over the second quarter. This rise was due to the Bank's increased liquidity.
- Forward exchange contract revaluation, as of September 30, 2003, stood at Baht 6,261 million, increasing by Baht 4,403 million from the previous

- quarter. This was due to the stronger Baht, which led to an increase in the value of forward exchange contracts as compared to the value at the report date, while not affecting the Bank's profits, as the Bank maintained sound squared-position transactions.
- Interbank and money market items, as of September 30, 2003 totaled Baht 89,574 million, decreasing by Baht 7,577 million, or 7.80 percent, from the second quarter. This decrease was due to the use of the Bank's due deposits abroad to purchase securities under resale agreements and government bonds.

□ Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity

Total consolidated liabilities of the Bank, as of September 30, 2003, were Baht 763,444 million, increasing by Baht 12,712 million, or 1.69 percent, from the second quarter. Compared to the same period last year, the amount rose by Baht 31,958 million, or 4.37 percent. The liabilities that changed significantly were deposits, which rose by Baht 12,584 million, or 1.86 percent, over the second quarter. The increased deposits were mainly in savings accounts.

As of September 30, 2003, total shareholders' equity was Baht 48,029 million, increasing by Baht 1,289 million, or 2.76 percent, over the second quarter. This was due to a decrease in retained losses of Baht 1,970 million, following an increase in the Bank's consolidated net income of Baht 1,928 million in the third quarter. Compared to the same period of last year, total shareholders' equity increased by Baht 13,923 million, or 40.82 percent, also due to a decline in retained losses.

Financial Position

(Million Baht)

			,
	Sep 30, 2003	Jun 30, 2003	Sep 30, 2002
Assets	811,473	797,472	765,592
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity			
- Total liabilities	763,444	750,732	731,486
- Total shareholders' equity	48,029	46,740	34,106
Total Liabilities and	811,473	797,472	765,592
Shareholders' Equity			

□ Investments

The Bank and its subsidiaries' investments in securities consist of trading investments, available-for-sale investments, debt instruments held to maturity, and investments in subsidiaries and associated companies. A review of impairment of investments is carried out when there is a factor indicating that an investment might have become impaired. Investments in securities, classified by type of investments, as of the end of September 2003, June 2003, and September 2002, are as follows:

(Million Baht)

Type of Investments	Sep 30, 2003	%	Jun 30, 2003	%	Sep 30, 2002	%
Debt Instruments	143,245	94.09%	141,254	92.62%	130,256	87.89%
Government and State Enterprise Secur	ities					
Trading Investments	4,791	3.15%	4,475	2.94%	8,812	5.96%
Available-for-sale Investments	80,903	53.14%	69,363	45.48%	57,524	38.81%
Held-to-maturity Investments	28,129	18.48%	23,262	15.25%	29,188	19.69%
Private Enterprise Debt Instruments						
Trading Investments	169	0.11%	276	0.18%	74	0.05%
Available-for-sale Investments	3,781	2.48%	2,978	1.95%	4,834	3.26%
Held-to-maturity Investments	795	0.52%	1,580	1.04%	368	0.25%
Foreign Debt Instruments						
Available-for-sale Investments	18,553	12.19%	20,411	13.38%	12,649	8.53%
 Held-to-maturity Investments 	6,124	4.02%	18,909	12.40%	16,807	11.34%
Equity Securities	8,853	5.81%	11,112	7.29%	17,737	11.97%
Available-for-sale Investments	1,399	0.92%	1,741	1.14%	2,001	1.35%
General Investments	6,182	4.06%	8,083	5.30%	14,479	9.77%
Investments in Subsidiary and	1,272	0.83%	1,288	0.85%	1,257	0.85%
Associated Companies						
Other	150	0.10%	141	0.09%	214	0.14%
Total Investments - Net	152,248	100.00%	152,507	100.00%	148,207	100.00%

Capital Investments

For the third quarter, most capital investments were for investments in information technology (IT) totaling Baht 526 million, which were undertaken as part of the Bank's strategic plan to improve our database and migrate to a new IT platform. Other capital investments of Baht 59 million was also made to enhance service efficiency.

Liquidity

Cash and Cash equivalents, according to the Bank's consolidated financial statement at the end of September 2003 totaled Baht 8,316 million, increasing by Baht 1,448 million from the end of 2002, due to the following activities:

- Net Cash used in operating activities totaled Baht 4,674 million, as a result of changes in key operating assets and liabilities. Securities purchased under resale agreements increased by Baht 36,600 million, while loans and deposits showed a rise by Baht 19,988 million and 38,845 million, respectively. However, interbank and money market items (in the asset side) decreased by Baht 5,306 million.
- Net Cash from investment activities was Baht 3,244 million. This amount comprises cash received from disposal of available-for-sale investments of Baht 23,490 million, redemption of debt instruments held to maturity of Baht 51,007 million, cash payment for available-for-sale investments of Baht 47,072 million, as well as cash payment for debt instruments held to maturity of Baht 23,953 million.
- Net Cash used in financial activities totaled Baht 18,216 million.

2.3 Capital Requirements

Capital Funds

As of September 30, 2003, the Bank and its subsidiaries had a capital base of Baht 82,939 million, comprising Tier-1 capital totaling Baht 56,871 million and Tier-2 capital totaling Baht 26,068 million. The capital adequacy ratio of the Bank and its asset management companies equaled 15.64 percent, significantly above the Bank of Thailand's minimum requirement of 8.50 percent. Details are as follows:

Capital Adequacy Ratios*

	Sep 30, 03	Jun 30, 03	Mar 31, 02	Dec 31, 02	Sep 30, 02
Tier-1 Capital	10.73%**	8.82%	8.27%	8.44%	8.48%
Tier-2 Capital	4.92%	5.05%	5.01%	5.90%	5.84%
Total Capital Requirements	15.64%**	13.87%	13.28%	14.34%	14.32%

Note: * These ratios do not include the net profits of each accounting period. According to BoT regulations, the first period's net profits shall be included in capital, after approval by the Board of Directors, per Bank's regulations. The second period's net profits shall be included in capital after approval by a General Meeting of Shareholders. However, in the case of a net loss, the loss must be deducted from capital immediately.

** Not including third quarter profits as of September 30, 2003. Should third quarter net profits, as of September 30, 2003, be included, the capital adequacy ratio of Tier-1 capital and of total capital requirements would be equal to 11.09 percent and 16.01 percent, respectively.

3. Operations of Business Groups

3.1 Corporate Business Group

The Corporate Business Group provides service to customers with sales volumes over Baht 50 million. To better serve customer needs, the Corporate Business Group divides its customers into 3 segments: large corporate, medium corporate, and small corporate segments. The main products of the group include loans, trade finance, cash management services, foreign exchange, corporate finance, and securities services.

□ Changes in Operating Environment

During the third quarter of 2003, despite expansion in the manufacturing sector and recovery in the tourism sector following the end of the SARS epidemic, continued excess liquidity led commercial banks to cut their interest rates. From the end of the second quarter and, into the early third quarter, MLR rates were reduced by approximately 1.0 percent, thereby helping to boost large corporate short-term loan demand. Commercial banks also continued to utilize various strategies to increase fee-based income to strengthen their income base.

Business Operations in the Third Quarter

During the third quarter, the Bank employed various strategies, including developing products, offering a full range of services, and establishing sound relationships with each customer group. In the large corporate group, the Bank achieved our loan expansion targets and gained new customers, resulting in an increase in fee-based income, especially from domestic credit products, letters of indemnity-borrowing, and foreign exchange services. In the medium corporate segment, expansion of corporate finance services for this customer group helped the Bank gain higher fee-based income and grow our trade finance operations. Regarding the small corporate group, although strong interest rate competition led to a slight reduction in the interest rate spread, the Bank was able to maintain our loan and feebased income growth. One of the strategies used to maintain good relationship with customers was the organization of various seminars aimed at providing information related to customers' businesses.

During the third quarter, the Bank started 3 additional Business Banking Centers in Bangkok and the Metropolitan Region, making a total of 19 Centers, 16 of which were opened during the second quarter. The Bank is planning to open a total of 26 Centers by the end of 2003.

In addition to seeking new customers and initiating a new range of products, other strategies, classified by product group, are as follows:

Trade Finance

To facilitate the credit approval process, the Bank has set up a system that allows customers to download a credit application form from the Internet. Marketing campaigns were employed to attract new customers and enhance transactions from existing customers. In addition, the Bank is planning to establish additional international business service centers in areas with good potential during the fourth quarter of 2003 to better reach customers in those regions.

• Corporate Finance

Low interest rates have led corporate businesses to switch their funding to capital market instruments, including bond issues, totaling more than Baht 100 billion during the first nine months of 2003. Although the active bond market has lured many financial institutions into the broker-dealer business, the Bank continued to be one of the top three brokers with the largest market share of both private and public bonds listed at the Thai Bond Dealing Center (TBDC). To improve our syndicate loans position, the Bank has introduced new capital market products and designed a credit structure that fits each business group's needs.

Foreign Exchange Service

The Bank is developing financial derivative instruments, expected to be launched by the fourth quarter of 2003. These instruments will help reduce exchange rate and interest rate risks faced by a wide range of customers. At the same time, the Bank will focus on training the staff of each Business Banking Center to enhance the efficiency of services.

• Cash Management

To enhance the quality of service, the Bank has expanded our service features, including online banking and a new payment system that allows payers to review statements and process payments through the Bank's electronic system. This service will help speed up the clearing process and enable recipients to access accurate payment information. The Bank also utilizes a two-step password system to promote greater transaction security.

Securities Services

Despite intense competition in the securities business, the Bank increased our market share of custodial services for mutual funds, especially in property funds and custodial services. Strategies employed include competitive pricing schemes and various services offered through the Bank's electronic channels. In addition, following the new BoT regulations permitting investments in foreign securities, the Bank has prepared to extend our custodial services to provident funds, mutual funds, and other institutions. The Bank achieved higher fee-based income, generated from increased secured-debenture holder agent services, registrar services for debt instruments and bills of exchange of companies with sound credit histories, and sales and underwriting bonds and debentures of state enterprises. However, fee-based income from agent services in syndicated loans and loan coordinator services were below target, as some large corporate businesses shifted to alternative funding instruments. To accommodate this trend, the Bank is focusing on increasing our staff skills and knowledge on capital markets and the securities business.

3.2 Retail Business Group

The Retail Business Group is responsible for developing and managing customer relationships with retail businesses and individual customers. Based on monthly sales or income, customers are divided into 4 segments: owner-operators, platinum

customers, middle-income customers, and transactors. To meet demands of each customer segment, Retail Business offers a wide variety of products, including retail business lending, consumer loans, credit cards, as well as deposit and fee-based products. Sales and service channels used include direct sales teams, the branch network, customer service centers, and electronic channels.

□ Changes in Operating Environment

During the third quarter of 2003, the competition in retail business remained strong, evidenced in a series of interest rate cuts during June and July and the utilization of various marketing campaigns. Retail business lending and housing loans were boosted by the government's SME lending and property stimulus measures. As the economy recovers and interest rates are expected to remain low, intense competition in housing loans will continue.

Following slow growth in credit card products due to the outbreak of the SARS and US-led war on Iraq, credit card issuing businesses have established a variety of new marketing strategies to encourage credit card spending. These strategies include discounts, gifts, interest-free periods, as well as higher security in repayment via the E-commerce systems and changes of credit card design and size, which have been successful in other countries. Furthermore, business allies such as Visa International and Mastercard also arranged marketing campaigns in cooperation with government's organizations and leading department stores.

As for the competition to increase share of card accepting stores, credit card businesses have employed pricing schemes and Electronic Data Capture machines (EDC) to handle a new card called Chip Card, which will be used in the near future. At the same time, the purchase of sales slips incurred from transactions both domestic and overseas increased in line with the recovery in some business sectors, due to improved situations abroad and the government's tourism stimulus measures.

☐ Business Operations in the Third Quarter

During the third quarter, the Bank initiated several proactive strategies, including the first Platinum Signature Center, five additional In-Store branches, two additional Coffee Banking, and two additional New Look & Feel sites. The Bank also extended business days of two additional branches to a 7-day schedule.

Other business operations classified by products are as follows:

• Retail Business Lending

During the third quarter, the Bank has improved retail business lending products, while extending the B&P Fixed Rate Loan offering period. To support SME businesses and to encourage more transactions, the Bank has also increased the credit line on guaranty contracts for SME loans, which are underwritten by the Small Industrial Finance Cooperation (SIFC).

Housing Loans

To promote growth in housing loans, the Bank employed product-based sales force and a service rate reduction, while creating good relationships with real estate companies and seeking new project allies. The Bank also continues to organize marketing campaigns to expedite housing loan demand, especially before the expiration of the government's property stimulus measures.

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Credit Card Products

To expand our customer base, the Bank has utilized various techniques, including the establishment of competitive programs for credit card agents, the introduction of the Platinum Signature Card to Platinum customers, as well as new product launchings in cooperation with existing and new business allies such as Thammasat University. The Bank also initiated new sales promotion strategies such as annual fee waivers for customers with sound repayment records and marketing campaigns in cooperation with stores, mobile phone distributors, and leading department stores.

As for the expansion of share of card-accepting stores, the Bank has developed the EDC Network, which connects with the computer networks (LAN) of large-scale stores and their branches. Full-range services were offered to large corporate customers in cooperation with the corporate business group or business allies. These strategies helped increase the Bank's card-accepting store growth, compared with the second quarter. Aiming to sustain such growth, the Bank has also implemented new technology to be ready to handle new types of credit cards and installments through EDC machines.

• Internet Banking

To improve Internet Banking services, the Bank offers Internet Banking for transactors and KBANK e-BizLink for business customers. As for e-Commerce & m-Commerce services, the Bank is in the process of improving the security of the Payment Gateway system (VISA3D) and repayments via mobile phone systems, expected to be completed by the end of 2003.

Regarding K-BANK e-Phone service, the Bank provides bill payment facilities via mobile phone systems for firms and stores through deduction of the payment amount from payers' current or saving accounts. To increase customers' information security and prevent fraudulent transactions on lost cards, the Bank has improved the inward remittance inquiry process and developed a special menu to handle transactions related to credit card suspension.

Deposit and Fee-based Products

To comply with the Anti-Money Laundering Act and to reduce cash transaction reports, while facilitating the transferal process, the Bank has modified deposit slips, withdrawal slips, and receipts for loan account repayment. To expand our customer base, the Bank has organized various sales promotion campaigns for Debit and Visa cards, while processing repayments to the TOT Corporation and to the Metropolitan Electricity Authority through the Bank's electronic channels, starting on August 1 and 15, respectively.

3.3 Treasury Group

The Treasury Group's responsibilities include asset and liability management and the trading of foreign currencies, equities, and derivatives. The goal is to manage investments to achieve maximum benefit within appropriate risk levels and in line with the Bank's policies and governing authorities' rules and regulations. The Group's tasks also include liquidity management in accordance with the Bank's policies and BoT requirements. The Group manages investments for trading purposes, which are generally short-term investments, to provide services to customers, while conducting financial instrument transactions for trading purposes in the area of foreign exchange, debt instruments, and derivative instruments.

□ Changes in Operating Environment

During the third quarter of 2003, the Bank's liquidity continued to increase. At the same time, rates of return both domestic and overseas continued to move lower, due to reduction in interest rates by the Bank of Thailand and the Federal Reserve at the end of the second quarter. This has led to a downward pressure in the Bank's interest income.

☐ Business Operations in the Third Quarter

As Treasury business transactions remained capped by declining interest rates, investment strategies during the third quarter of 2003 continued to focus on investments that yielded maximum benefit within acceptable risk levels. The group developed derivative instruments and established bilateral repurchase transactions with the BoT. As for capital market investments, the Bank continues to follow the existing strategy of not expanding investments in equities, while reducing portfolios when the opportunity arises. For fixed income securities, the strategy is to adjust the investment scale in line with the current market situation.

Operating Performance and Financial Position

As of September 30, 2003, total investments of the Treasury Group were Baht 276,356 million, decreasing by Baht 6,005 million, or 2.13 percent, from the end of 2002. Compared to the second quarter, the Group's total investments increased by Baht 3,975 million, or 1.46 percent.

During the first nine months of 2003, the Treasury Group's income totaled Baht 8,138 million, rising by Baht 497 million, or 6.50 percent, over the same period in the previous year. This was due to an increase in non-interest income of Baht 1,853 million, mainly from increases in gains from foreign exchange and debt instruments. However, interest and dividend income declined by Baht 1,356 million, as a result of continuously declining market returns.

As for the third quarter of 2003, the Group had total income of Baht 1,963 million, down by Baht 1,653 million, or 45.72 percent, from the second quarter. This was partly due to a decrease of Baht 295 million in interest and dividend income, following declines in interest rates. Also contributing to this quarter-on-quarter decrease was a decline in non-interest income of Baht 1,358 million, as the Bank received significantly lower gains from investments in debt instruments.

Treasury Group's income

(Million Baht) Type of Transaction 9M-2003 O3-2003 Q2-2003 Change during Q2-Q3, Percent of total 2003 TG's income Million Percentage Baht change (21.35%)**Money Market** 34% 2,736 789 1,003 (214)Interest income 21% 492 609 1,681 (117)(19.20%)1,055 297 Non-interest income 13% 394 (97)(24.67%)5,402 1,174 Capital Market 66% 2,613 (1,439)(55.07%)Interest income 42% 3,437 1,026 (14.76%)1,203 (177)Non-interest income 24% 1,965 148 1,410 (1,262)(89.49%) Total 100% 8,138 1,963 3,616 (1,653)(45.72%)

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4.1 Overall Risk Management

In order to maximize sustainable returns to shareholders, the Bank has developed a risk management framework under the supervision of the Board of Directors, the Audit Committee, the Risk Management Committee, the Assets and Liabilities Management Sub-committee, and the Credit Policy Committee. Day-to-day responsibility for measuring and monitoring all related risk incurred by the Bank is delegated to the Internal Risk Management Department. This department is accountable for developing sophisticated risk management tools to convert all related risk into a single comparable term of capital. This concept enables the Bank to estimate and control the magnitude of various types of risks, set pricing that reflects the risk level of different customers and businesses, and allocate capital in such a way that properly reflects returns and risk levels.

4.2 Risk Management

Credit Risk Management

Outstanding Loans

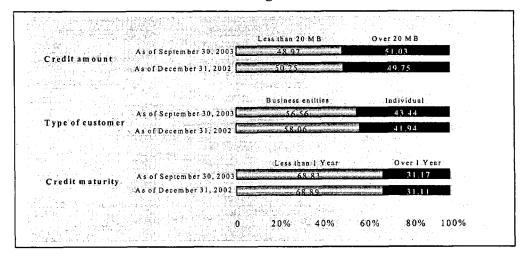
As of end of September 30, 2003, the Bank's consolidated outstanding loans stood at Baht 524,025 million, increasing by 3.52 percent over the amount of Baht 506,203 million at the end of 2002. As for quarter-on-quarter comparison, consolidated outstanding loans increased by 1.78 percent over the amount of Baht 514,838 million in the second quarter. The increase was attributable to the Bank's proactive credit extension strategies, together with the economic recovery, as well as gains on reclassification of investments in receivables, particularly restructured loans, in accordance with the Bank of Thailand's directives FPG.(31)C.29/2546, dated February 27, 2003, and BOT.FPG.(31)C.2775/2545, dated December 3, 2002.

At the end the third quarter of 2003, 51.03 percent of the Bank's outstanding loans to customers were loans over Baht 20 million. Credit extended to the 20 largest borrowers, excluding Phethai and Ploy Asset Management Companies, accounted for Baht 35,439 million or 7.02 percent of the Bank's total loans portfolio. In the breakdown of loans by customer type, business entities accounted for Baht 285,558 million or 56.56 percent of outstanding loans, while personal loans accounted for the remaining 43.44 percent. In terms of maturity, credit aging less than 1 year accounted for 68.83 percent of the Bank's total loans.



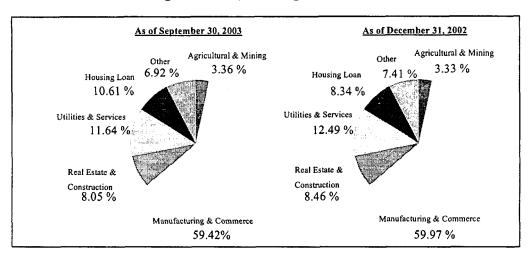
¹ The details of the overall Risk Management framework, Market Risk Management, Liquidity Risk Management, Operational Risk Management, the Performance Evaluation in the form of Risk-adjusted Return on Capital (RAROC), and Economic Profit for shareholders can be obtained from notes to financial statements for the period ended June 30, 2003 and the MD&A report for the year ended December 31, 2002.

Consolidated Lending Portfolio - Profile



The Bank's consolidated lending portfolio, including accrued interest receivables, as of the end of September 2003 and end of 2002 were as follows:

Consolidated Lending Portfolio (including accrued interest receivables)



The Bank formally reviews our loan portfolios on a monthly basis, focusing on overall performance as well as each industry and business group's performance in terms of growth and quality.

Non-performing Loans

As of September 30, 2003, the Bank's NPLs (using the BoT's new definition as in their Directive, dated January 16, 2003) stood at Baht 79,495 million, equal to 15.65 percent of the total outstanding credit (including financial institutions). This amount decreased from Baht 85,387 million in the second quarter of 2003 and Baht 99,341 million from the same period of last year, accounting for 17.23 and 20.08 percent of the total outstanding credit (including financial institutions), respectively. The Bank's NPLs over the past five quarters (with historical NPLs restated in accordance with the BoT's new definition for comparison purposes) are shown in the table below.

(Million Baht)

Quarter ended	Sep 30, 2003	Jun 30, 2003	Mar 31, 2003	Dec 31, 2002	Sep 30, 2002
NPLs at end of the quarter	79,495	85,387	91,172	92,482	99,341
Percentage of total outstanding credit (including financial institutions)	15.65%	17.23%	18.38%	18.46%	20.08%

In the third quarter, the Bank entered into debt restructuring agreements totaling Baht 12,367 million of pre-written-off outstanding credit, increasing over the level in the previous quarter, but decreasing from the level in the same period last year. The details of debt restructuring, losses from debt restructuring, and assets owned through debt restructuring, compared for the past five quarters are shown in the following table.

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Quarter ended	Sep 30, 2003	Jun 30, 2003	Mar 31, 2003	Dec 31, 2002	Sep 30, 2002
Debt restructuring	12,367	20,502	17,603	13,117	10,597
Losses from debt restructuring	1,932	2,540	3,623	1,959	717

• Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Bank has a policy to provide an allowance for doubtful accounts for total loans above BoT minimum requirement. Furthermore, since 2002, the Bank has set aside normalized provisioning apart from the allowance for doubtful accounts equal to 0.5% of total loans to accommodate unforeseen losses. This additional provisioning amounts to Baht 200 million per quarter.

From the third quarter of 2003 onward, to facilitate analysis and monitoring of the Bank's allowance for doubtful accounts, doubtful accounts are divided into the following 3 categories:

- Allowances for doubtful accounts on normal loans based on BoT regulations.
- Allowances for doubtful accounts, which are among other classified loans, as well as the revaluation allowance for debt restructuring according to BoT regulations, and allowances maintained in excess of BoT regulations.
- Normalized provisions.

Previously, the Bank set a target for allowances on normal loans of 1%, in accordance with BoT regulations, and this is already included in the total allowances for doubtful accounts. However, from this quarter onward, the Bank will set aside an allowance for this category in proportion to net incremental normal loans, using the level of normal loans as of June 30, 2003, as the reference point for calculations. As a result, in the third quarter, the Bank incurred loan loss expenses for the increase in normal loans equal to Baht 211 million, following an increase in normal loans from Baht 393,791 million as of June 30, 2003, to Baht 414,864 million as of September 30, 2003.

As of September 30, 2003, the Bank's allowances for doubtful accounts stood at Baht 51,924 million. The amount accounted for 10.23 percent of total outstanding credit, which was equivalent to 140.74 percent of the level required by the BoT. The percentage of allowances for doubtful accounts to outstanding NPLs was 65.32 percent. Current allowances are believed to be adequate to absorb potential losses from debt restructuring, relapses in performing restructured loans, the depreciation in collateral value, as well as losses in debt restructuring on borrowers, whose accounts the Bank has transferred to the Thai Asset Management Corporation. The Bank's allowances for doubtful accounts over the past five quarters are shown in the table below.

				(Mi	llion Baht)
Quarter ended	Sep 30, 2003	Jun 30, 2003	Mar 31, 2003	Dec 31, 2002	Sep 30, 2002
Allowance for doubtful accounts	51,924	53,083	55,554	59,013	61,057
Allowance as percentage of total outstanding credit	10.23%	10.71%	11.20%	11.78%	12.34%
Allowance as percentage of NPLs	65.32%	62.17%	60.93%	63.81%	61.46%

<u>Note</u>: For comparison purposes, the allowances for doubtful accounts of the quarter ended September 30, 2002, were restated in accordance with the BoT's new definition for NPLs, by adding back the amount of written-off doubtful loans and allowance for doubtful loans.

• Foreclosed Properties

As of September 30, 2003, the Bank's total book value of foreclosed properties was Baht 15,151 million, accounting for 1.87 percent of the Bank's total assets. This ratio rose over the second quarter, but dropped from the same period in the previous year, as the increased value of the Bank's total assets was higher than the increased value of foreclosed properties acquired. The Bank's foreclosed properties over the past five quarters and the composition of this portfolio are shown below.

				(Mill	ion Baht)
Quarter ended	Sep 30, 2003	Jun 30, 2003	Mar 31, 2003	Dec 31, 2002	Sep 30, 2002
Foreclosed properties at end of the quarter	15,151	14,569	14,599	15,103	14,866
Percent of the Bank's total assets	1.87%	1.83%	1.88%	1.99%	1.94%
Allowances for impairment of foreclosed properties	3,622	3,648	3,705	4,034	3,770
Percent of foreclosed properties	23.91%	25.04%	25.38%	26.71%	25.36%
Foreclosed properties sold	749	530	1,109	733	612
Losses from sales of foreclosed properties	(113)	(55)	(296)	(104)	(104)
Percent of foreclosed properties sold	15.09%	10.38%	26.66%	14.22%	16.94%

As of September 30, 2003, allowances for impairment of foreclosed properties stood at Baht 3,622 million, accounting for 23.91 percent of the book value of foreclosed properties. This ratio dropped from 25.04 percent in the previous quarter. Current allowances are believed to be sufficient to cover holding, maintenance and disposal expenses, and losses on the liquidation of foreclosed properties.

• Phethai Asset Management Company Limited, and Ploy Asset Management Company Limited

As of September 30, 2003, Phethai AMC had resolved and/or restructured NPLs amounting to Baht 31,109 million, or 48.04 percent of the total initial unpaid principal balance, with an expected recovery rate of 56.00 percent. Ploy AMC had resolved and/or restructured NPLs totaling Baht 28,109 million, or 68.24 percent of the total initial unpaid principal balance, with an expected recovery rate of 73.00 percent. The details of the NPL resolving and/or restructuring in the past five quarters are shown in the table below.

				(Mil	lion Baht)
Quarter ended	Sep 30, 2003	Jun 30, 2003	Mar 31, 2003	Dec 31, 2002	Sep 30, 2002
Phethai Asset Management					
Company Limited					
Cumulative loans	31,109	30,058	28,362	27,825	28,109
resolved/restructured					
Percent of the total initial unpaid	48.04%	46.42%	43.80%	42.97%	43.41%
principal balance					
Ploy Asset Management					
Company Limited					
Cumulative loans	28,109	27,183	27,055	26,365	24,637
resolved/restructured					
Percent of the total initial unpaid	68.24%	65.99%	65.68%	64.01%	60.00%
principal balance					

Other Risk Factors

• Risks from Guarantees and Avals

Certain transactions with customers are in the form of guarantees on borrowing or performance, letters of credit, and avals on notes. Such transactions are considered by the Bank as credit loans, which require submission of collateral. Regarding risk control in this area, the Bank uses the same criteria as those used for the Bank's normal credit approval process. At the end of September 2003, the Bank's contingent obligations were Baht 45,856 million, compared to Baht 44,128 million at the end of December 2002.

• Risks Incurred from Contractual Obligations of Derivative Instruments

The Bank acts as an intermediary in foreign exchange and derivative instrument

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markets by making various forward exchange contracts and derivative instrument trading contracts with financial institutions domestically and abroad, as part of the Bank's risk hedging services. The Bank's policy provides that it does not enter into foreign exchange contracts or derivative transactions for speculation without a customer's direct underlying transaction. As of September 30, 2003, the Bank had foreign exchange contracts on the purchase side of Baht 53,174 million, with Baht 169,938 million on the sales side, compared to Baht 48,819 million and Baht 172,535 million, respectively, at the end of 2002. In addition, at the end of the third quarter, the Bank had interest rate contracts on the purchase side of Baht 15,914 million and Baht 15,914 million on the sales side, compared to Baht 11,559 million and Baht 11,559 million, respectively, at the end of 2002.

• Risks Related to Capital Adequacy

As of September 30, 2003, the Bank's capital adequacy ratio, including the risk assets of Phethai and Ploy AMCs, was at 15.64 percent, which is significantly above the BoT minimum requirement of 8.50 percent. The Bank also monitors capital closely, as it fluctuates with the Bank's operations.

5. Functional Groups

The Bank has developed several projects to improve overall operating performance. These projects focus on human resources, back office reconfiguration, credit services, and information technology.

Building for Higher Performance-based Effectiveness

With the objective of being a performance and competency based organization, the Bank has implemented the PRO (Performance, Reward, and Opportunity) project and has initiated the Managing High Performance (MHP) course, which provides guidelines in performance planning, evaluation and feedback. To promote performance assessment effectiveness, job structures were redefined and job titles were changed to better fit current business situations.

The Bank has also established the Career Opportunity and Career Path program for each individual business unit and job family to align employee's work plans with the Bank's goals. The Competency Development System, consisting of development tools and an inventory of employees' skills, has been implemented to help employees evaluate their competencies and develop plans for professional growth. The system will also facilitate skill assessment at the organizational level, thereby helping to identify matters needing to be improved, while providing training courses that best fit with each employee's needs.

□ Centralized Back Office Reconfiguration Project

Under the Centralized Back Office Project, operations previously processed at the Bank's branches and head office, such as clearing, cash management, as well as deposits and payments, have been transferred to processing centers located at Ratburana, Phaholyothin and Ramkamhaeng. This will enable processing centers to support and standardize branch operations under the Service Level Agreement (SLA).

Following the transferal of cash management tasks to Kanpai Co. Ltd. during the first quarter, bill counting and bill sorting processes have been speeded up to ensure that bills put in ATMs are sufficient for customers' needs. It also helps to prepare for the BoT's new bill management policy, which restricts cash that banks deposit at the BoT to only old bills.

On August 28, 2003, the Centralized Back Office Reconfiguration (CBO) Project received a second place award from "Thailand's Best Innovation Awards 2003", organized by the Nation and Accenture (Thailand) Co., Ltd., for having an outstanding large corporate business management innovation. Since 2002, the CBO project has helped reduce the Bank's back office operational costs by as much as 54.00 percent, while also standardizing operations and allowing branch staff to provide better service.

Credit Services Unit & Centralized Lending Services Unit Project: CSU/CLS

The Credit Services Unit & Centralized Lending Services Unit project was established to centralize all post-approval processes and thus standardize and increase service quality levels.

To expedite service and enhance efficiency, during the third quarter, the Bank continued to streamline the contract and documentation process. As for the Document Management System (DMS), during the first half of 2003, the Bank has successfully added a new contract form into the document control system to help reduce the Legal Department's tasks. During the third quarter, the Bank continued to develop the DMS further into its fourth phase to help expedite the contract preparation process.

There is also a Document and Collateral Control System (DCS) to improve record keeping and documentation tasks, the first phase of which has been completed and implementation has been in progress since the end of May 2003. As of September 30, 2003, 23.00 percent of all documents was recorded in the form of an image file. The Bank is now in the process of proposing the second phase of the system, which will help improve temporary document access and refiling processes, as well as expedite document searches. As for the integration of documents from branches in Bangkok and the Metropolitan Region, as of the end of September 2003, the Bank received documents accounting for 55.00 percent of all customers, increasing from 13.00 percent at the end of the second quarter. The process is expected to be completed by the end of 2003.

In addition, to expedite service to customers, the Bank plans to start the Fast Lane system to facilitate the contract preparation processes and credit line setting during the mid-fourth quarter. The Bank will also conduct a feasibility study to extend this system to other credit service processes, such as credit application submission and credit approval processes.

To shorten the contract preparation period, the Bank has replaced the Legal Department's draft contracts with editable standard contracts in a package called "Smart Contract". So far, 62.00 percent of all draft contracts have been replaced. During the third quarter, the Bank planned to improve the Smart Contract, while targeting to have all draft contracts converted to standardized contracts by year-end.

In addition to implementing the CSU/CLS concept to branches in Bangkok and its Metropolitan area, the Bank also plans to expand this concept to upcountry branches, under the name of the CBO Upcountry Project, beginning in 2004. Following a study of the back office operations of branches during the first half of the year, the Bank has selected models, guidelines, and technology for improving operations.

□ IT Security Policy and Implementation

To ensure the security of customer information, the Bank has developed an IT Security Policy and IT Implementation Project. During the third quarter, the Bank continued to utilize programs established during the first half of 2003, and at the same time began initiating new projects. The Bank and IBM (Thailand) Co., Ltd. have set up a security standard for the computer systems of various platforms, have organized training programs for new staff and have circulated articles and newsletters to keep staff updated. As for virus protection, all computers at the head office and branches were upgraded and reconfigured. The Bank has also improved security systems for cash management and other money market transactions in accordance with external

□ IT Outsourcing

Following the completion of an IT outsourcing transition in June 2003, IBM started a Transformation Plan in the third quarter. This program aims to improve the Service Level Agreement (SLA) quality and service expense management through the use of world-class standardization technology and practices.

Activities conducted under the Transformation Plan include:

- The development of a framework and guidelines for IT enterprise architecture, particularly regarding applications, infrastructure, and data. The project will help the Bank adopt technology that best aligns with our overall policies, and enhance technology investment efficiency, while reducing technology management costs. During the third quarter, the Bank has completed the first phase of the framework and is planning to proceed the second phase during the fourth quarter.
- To better handle increased transactions and services, the Bank and IBM have upgraded mainframe computer systems during the third quarter. This project was completed as planned and, so far, has allowed the Bank to increase our transactions and services by 50.00 percent.
- During the third quarter, IBM has improved the Wide Area Network system, from using the Frame Relay Network to the worldwide standard IP Network. This helps to facilitate the Bank's increased e-business and ebanking services, while lowering leased line expenses by at least 20.00 percent. This project is expected to be completed during the second quarter of 2004.
- To further promote the Bank's management and resource utilization, IBM has conducted a Server consolidation during the third quarter. This project is expected to be operational by early 2004.



6. KASIKORNBANK's Investments in Subsidiary and Associated Companies

The Bank's investments in subsidiary and associated companies as of September 30, 2003, are listed in the table below.

Details of Investments

Company Name	Place	Type of Business	No. of	No. of Shares	-	Type of	2003 First Nine
			Shares Issued	Held	Held (%)	Shares	Months Operating Performance
							(Baht)
Investments in Asset Management Cor	npany						
1. Phethai Asset Management Co., Ltd. (Formerly Thonburi Asset Management Co., Ltd.) Tel. 0-2694-5000 Fax. 0-2694-5202	Bangkok	Services	800,000,000	799,999,993	99.99	Ordinary	1,852,078,475
2. Ploy Asset Management Co., Ltd. (Formerly Chanthaburi Asset Management Co., Ltd.) Tel. 0-2693-2020 Fax. 0-2693-2525	Bangkok	Services	500,000,000	499,999,993	99.99	Ordinary	1,608,108,882
Investments in Strategic and Supporti	ve Compan	y					
1. Kanpai Co., Ltd. Tel. 0-2270-1261 Fax. 0-2270-1262	Bangkok	Services	200,000	199,993	99.99	Ordinary	15,672,554
2. Progress Plus Co., Ltd. Tel. 0-2270-1272 Fax. 0-2270-1273	Bangkok	Services	230,000	229,993	99.99	Ordinary	1 2,357,411
3. Kasikorn Factoring Co., Ltd. (Formerly Thai Farmers Heller Factoring Co., Ltd.) Tel. 0-2290-2900 Fax. 0-2275-5165	Bangkok	Factoring	1,600,000	1,599,999	99.99	Ordinary	42,936,271
4. Progress Land and Buildings Co., Ltd. Tel. 0-2273-3884 Fax. 0-2273-3883	Bangkok	Real Estate Development	20,000,000	19,999,992	99.99	Ordinary	(99,135)
5. Kasikorn Research Center Co., Ltd. (Formerly Thai Farmers Research Center Co., Ltd.) Tel. 0-2273-1874 Fax. 0-2270-1569	Bangkok	Services	100,000	99,993	99.99	Ordinary	3,988,508
6. Progress Facilities Management Co., Ltd. Tel. 0-2273-3289-91 Fax. 0-2273-3292	Bangkok	Services	50,000	49,993	99.99	Ordinary	3,996,194
7. Progress Management Co., Ltd. Tel. 0-2273-3880-2 Fax. 0-2273-3883	Bangkok	Services	60,000	59,993	99.99	Ordinary	899,981
8. Progress Storage Co., Ltd. Tel. 0-2273-3833 Fax. 0-2271-4784	Bangkok	Services	30,000	29,993	99.98	Ordinary	4,926,493
9. Progress Service Co., Ltd. Tel. 0-2273-3293-4 Fax. 0-2273-3292	Bangkok	Services	20,000	19,993	99.97	Ordinary	8,741,785
10. Progress Appraisal Co., Ltd. Tel. 0-2273-3654-6 Fax. 0-2270-1051	Bangkok	Services	5,000	4,992	99.84	Ordinary	16,724,690
11. Kasikorn Asset Management Co., Ltd.	Bangkok	Mutual Fund Management	27,154,274	19,394,156	71.42	Ordinary	66,324,435

Company Name	Place	Type of Business	No. of Shares Issued	No. of Shares Held	s Percentage Held (%)	Type of Shares	2003 First Nine Months Operating Performance (Baht)
(Formerly Thai Farmers Asset Management Co., Ltd.) Tel. 0-2693-2300 Fax. 0-2693-2320							(Little)
12. Progress Software Co., Ltd. Tel. 0-2273-3829-30 Fax. 0-2270-1197	Bangkok	Services	100,000	60,000	60.00	Ordinary	12,981,713
13. Thai Administration Services Co., Ltd. Tel. 0-2670-9494 Fax. 0-2670-9499	Bangkok	Services	10,000,000	5,099,997	51.00	Ordinary	16,493,778
14. Merrill Lynch Phatra Securities Co., Ltd. Tel. 0-2265-1000 Fax. 0-2275-0888	Bangkok	Financial Institution	250,000,000	122,499,993	49.00	Ordinary	151,779,052
15. Processing Center Co., Ltd. Tel. 0-2237-6330-4 Fax. 0-2634-3231	Bangkok	Services	100,000	30,000	30.00	Ordinary	55,953,108
16. N.C.Associate Co., Ltd. Tel 0-2661-5200 Fax 0-2661-4136	Bangkok	Agro- Industry	10,000	2,823	2823	Ordinary	402,305
17. Rural Capital Partners Co., Ltd. Tel 0-2318-3958 Fax 0-2319-5019	Bangkok	Joint Venture	1,000,000	275,000	27.50	Ordinary	574,235
18. Progress Information Co., Ltd. Tel 0-2263-8050 Fax 0-2263-8051	Bangkok	Services	1,000,000	200,000	20.00	Ordinary	(79,643)
19. M Grand Hotel Co., Ltd. Tel 0-2617-1949 Fax 0-2617-1940-1	Bangkok	Hotel	100,000,000	20,000,000	20.00	Ordinary	(16,075,527)
20. E.S.Industries Co., Ltd. Tel 0-2516-9124-8 Fax 0-2516-9202	Pathum Thani	Textiles	1,100,000	220,000	20.00	Ordinary	-

KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES (FORMERLY: THAI FARMERS BANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED)

Interim Financial Statements

For the Period Ended September 30, 2003

and

Review Report of Certified Public Accountant

REVIEW REPORT OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

To the Board of Directors of KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED (FORMERLY: THAI FARMERS BANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED)

I have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED and its subsidiaries as at September 30, 2003 and the consolidated statements of income for each of the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003 and 2002, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the nine-month periods then ended. I have also reviewed the balance sheet of KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED as at September 30, 2003 and the statements of income for each of the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003 and 2002, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the nine-month periods then ended. The management of KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED is responsible for the correctness and completeness of information presented in these financial statements. My responsibility is to issue a report on these financial statements based on my reviews.

I conducted my reviews in accordance with the standard on auditing applicable to review engagements. This standard requires that I plan and perform the review to obtain moderate assurance as to whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of bank personnel and analytical procedures applied to financial data and thus provides less assurance than an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Accordingly, I do not express an audit opinion on the reviewed financial statements.

Based on my reviews, nothing has come to my attention that causes me to believe that the accompanying financial statements are not presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

I draw attention to Note 19 to the financial statements. In the accounting period 2003, the asset management subsidiaries changed their accounting procedure in relation to the transfer of financial assets in accordance with the Bank of Thailand's notification, dated December 3, 2002, "Re: Accounting procedures regarding purchasing or taking of transfer of loan debtors and supervision guidelines", which is applicable to financial statements for accounting periods ended on or after December 31, 2003 onwards.

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I have previously audited the consolidated financial statements of KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED and its subsidiaries for the year ended December 31, 2002, and the financial statements of KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED for the same period in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and expressed an unqualified opinion on those statements in my report dated February 12, 2003. The consolidated balance sheet of the Bank and it subsidiaries and the balance sheet of the Bank as at December 31, 2002, which have been presented herein for comparative purpose, are components of those financial statements which I have audited and reported thereon. I have not performed any audit procedures subsequent to the date of that report.

(Mr. Supot Singhasaneh) Certified Public Accountant Registration No. 2826

KPMG Phoomchai Audit Ltd. Bangkok November 7, 2003

KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES (FORMERLY: THAI FARMERS BANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED) ${\bf BALANCE~SHEETS}$

Thousand Baht

	Consol	idated	The	The Bank			
	September 30, 2003	December 31, 2002	September 30, 2003	December 31, 2002			
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)			
	(Reviewed)		(Reviewed)				
ASSETS							
Cash	8,316,478	9,764,206	8,316,407	9,764,122			
Interbank and money market items							
Domestic items							
Interest bearing	1,588,635	3,457,673	1,497,178	3,385,334			
Non-interest bearing	2,377,156	4,489,525	2,420,220	4,494,664			
Foreign items							
Interest bearing	85,437,922	86,532,214	85,437,922	86,532,214			
Non-interest bearing	170,412	360,919	170,412	360,919			
Total Interbank and Money Market Items - net	89,574,125	94,840,331	89,525,732	94,773,131			
Securities purchased under resale agreements	55,000,000	18,400,000	55,000,000	18,400,000			
Investments (Notes 3.4, 5, 15 and 19)							
Current investments - net	64,341,936	72,699,392	64,042,839	72,310,121			
Long-term investments - net	86,634,474	90,884,229	82,531,515	79,212,636			
Investments in subsidiaries and associated companies - net	1,271,280	1,280,377	10,975,528	7,245,946			
Total Investments - net	152,247,690	164,863,998	157,549,882	158,768,703			
Loans and accrued interest receivables (Note 6)							
Loans (Notes 3.5, 3.7, 6, 7 and 19)	524,025,050	506,202,917	504,862,511	496,525,047			
Accrued interest receivables	3,129,379	3,410,052	1,537,710	1,934,393			
Total Loans and Accrued Interest Receivables	527,154,429	509,612,969	506,400,221	498,459,440			
Less Allowance for doubtful accounts (Notes 3.6 and 8)	(64,088,383)	(76,949,724)	(46,172,230)	(54,919,952)			
Less Revaluation allowance for debt restructuring (Notes 3.7 and 9)	(5,511,011)	(2,755,014)	(3,741,556)	(2,647,233)			
Less Normalized provisioning (Notes 3.8 and 10)	(1,400,000)	(800,000)	(1,400,000)	(800,000)			
Total Loans and Accrued Interest Receivables - net	456,155,035	429,108,231	455,086,435	440,092,255			
Properties foreclosed - net (Note 3.9)	15,146,351	15,086,828	11,528,714	11,068,608			
Customers' liability under acceptances	658,817	597,096	658,817	597,096			
Premises and equipment - net (Note 3.10)	22,218,357	22,394,501	21,646,562	21,801,037			
Deferred tax assets (Notes 3.11 and 12)	41,207	14,338	-	•			
Accrued income receivables	2,408,944	1,949,493	2,340,587	1,883,699			
Forward exchange contract revaluation	6,260,561	745,643	6,260,561	745,643			
Other assets - net (Note 3.16)	3,445,853	3,017,408	3,191,484	2,807,958			
Total Assets	811,473,418	760,782,073	811,105,181	760,702,252			

Pol.Gen. Pow Sarasin	Banthoon Lamsam
Vice Chairman	President

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES (FORMERLY: THAI FARMERS BANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED) $BALANCE\ SHEETS$

Thousand Baht

	Thousand Dant					
•	Conso	lidated	The	The Bank		
	September 30, 2003	December 31, 2002	September 30, 2003	December 31, 2002		
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)		
	(Reviewed)		(Reviewed)			
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY						
Deposits						
Deposits in baht	687,408,191	649,141,061	688,052,380	649,748,042		
Deposits in foreign currencies	2,829,681	2,252,107	2,829,681	2,252,107		
Total Deposits	690,237,872	651,393,168	690,882,061	652,000,149		
Interbank and money market items						
Domestic items						
Interest bearing	4,211,427	3,461,073	3,806,427	3,461,073		
Non-interest bearing	1,395,645	1,788,470	1,395,645	1,788,470		
Foreign items						
Interest bearing	656,795	258,050	656,795	258,050		
Non-interest bearing	171,085	185,800	171,085	185,800		
Total Interbank and Money Market Items	6,434,952	5,693,393	6,029,952	5,693,393		
Liability payable on demand	2,943,118	3,422,940	2,943,118	3,422,940		
Borrowings						
Long-term borrowings	47,910,865	48,555,994	47,910,865	48,555,994		
Total Borrowings	47,910,865	48,555,994	47,910,865	48,555,994		
Bank's liability under acceptances	658,817	597,097	658,817	597,097		
Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 3.11 and 12)	3,800,600	4,062,197	3,800,600	4,062,197		
Forward exchange contract revaluation	958,492	1,625,905	958,492	1,625,905		
Accrued interest payables	3,033,981	3,030,042	3,031,081	3,030,042		
Other liabilities	7,465,313	6,955,923	7,202,967	6,639,520		
Total Liabilities	763,444,010	725,336,659	763,417,953	725,627,237		

KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES (FORMERLY: THAI FARMERS BANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED) BALANCE SHEETS

Thousand Baht

	Housaid Balk					
•	Conso	lidated	The	Bank		
	September 30, 2003	December 31, 2002	September 30, 2003	December 31, 2002		
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)		
	(Reviewed)		(Reviewed)			
Shareholders' equity						
Share capital						
Authorized share capital						
547,345 class A preferred shares, Baht 10 par value	5,473	5,473	5,473	5,473		
2,689,547,345 ordinary shares, Baht 10 par value	26,895,473	26,895,473	26,895,473	26,895,473		
Issued and fully paid-up share capital (Note 21)						
547,345 class A preferred shares, Baht 10 par value	5,473	5,473	5,473	5,473		
2,353,518,072 ordinary shares, Baht 10 par value in 2003 and	23,535,181		23,535,181			
2,352,547,372 ordinary shares, Baht 10 par value in 2002		23,525,474		23,525,474		
Premium on share capital						
Premium on preferred shares	27,367	27,367	27,367	27,367		
Premium on ordinary shares	49,497,553	49,478,139	49,497,553	49,478,139		
Premium on expired warrants	5,520,432	5,520,432	5,520,432	5,520,432		
Appraisal surplus on asset revaluation	6,267,369	6,367,117	6,267,369	6,367,117		
Revaluation surplus (deficit) on investments (Notes 3.4 and 5)	2,545,173	2,773,163	2,545,173	2,773,163		
Retained earnings (deficit)						
Appropriated						
Legal reserve	800,000	800,000	800,000	800,000		
Other reserves	26,675,300	26,675,300	26,675,300	26,675,300		
Unappropriated (deficit)	(67,186,620)	(80,097,450)	(67,186,620)	(80,097,450)		
	47,687,228	35,075,015	47,687,228	35,075,015		
Minority interests	342,180	370,399		<u> </u>		
Total Shareholders' Equity	48,029,408	35,445,414	47,687,228	35,075,015		
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	811,473,418	760,782,073	811,105,181	760,702,252		
Off-balance sheet items - contingencies (Note 16)						
Aval to bills and guarantees of loans	5,608,367	6,591,461	5,608,367	6,591,461		
Liability under unmatured import bills	2,747,438	2,632,020	2,747,438	2,632,020		
Letters of credit	8,893,463	8,875,632	8,893,463	8,875,632		
Other contingencies	392,464,525	380,115,620	392,417,069	380,115,620		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES (FORMERLY: THAI FARMERS BANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED) STATEMENTS OF INCOME

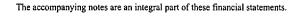
FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2003 AND 2002

(Unaudited) (Reviewed)

Thousand Baht

	Thousand Baht					
	Consolida	sted	The Bar	The Bank		
	2003	2002	2003	2002		
Interest and dividend income (Notes 3.2, 3.4 and 19)						
Loans	6,506,367	6,601,644	6,003,423	6,300,890		
Interbank and money market items	512,438	915,631	512,329	915,244		
Investments	1,025,272	1,770,323	1,022,495	1,155,591		
Total Interest and Dividend Income	8,044,077	9,287,598	7,538,247	8,371,725		
Interest expense (Note 3.3)						
Deposits	1,662,006	2,963,511	1,662,006	2,963,511		
Interbank and money market items	60,989	63,297	56,909	63,297		
Long-term borrowings	1,289,879	1,303,935	1,289,879	1,303,935		
Total Interest Expense	3,012,874	4,330,743	3,008,794	4,330,743		
Net income from interest and dividend	5,031,203	4,956,855	4,529,453	4,040,982		
Reversal on bad debt and doubtful accounts (Notes 3.6, 8 and 19)	(2,256,695)	(609,002)	(1,701,208)	(722,482)		
Loss on debt restructuring (Notes 3.7 and 9)	2,749,352	896,213	1,911,931	722,482		
Normalized provisions (Notes 3.8 and 10)	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000		
Net income from interest and dividend after bad debt						
and doubtful accounts and loss on debt restructuring and normalized provisions	4,338,546	4,469,644	4,118,730	3,840,982		
Non-interest income						
Gain (loss) on investments (Notes 3.4 and 5)	(387,896)	(345,509)	169,531	245,642		
Loss on transfer of financial assets (Note 19)	(214,441)	-	=	-		
Share of profit (loss) from investments on equity method (Notes 3.4 and 19)	25,843	10,360	(622,320)	(129,663)		
Fees and service income						
Acceptances, aval and guarantees	211,258	161,528	211,258	161,528		
Others	1,533,358	1,421,798	1,401,464	1,320,049		
Gain on exchanges (Note 3.12)	419,534	202,995	419,534	202,995		
Other income	278,180	170,006	193,017	136,327		
Total Non-interest Income	1,865,836	1,621,178	1,772,484	1,936,878		
Non-interest expenses						
Personnel expenses	1,304,492	1,313,425	1,252,823	1,276,120		
Premises and equipment expenses (Note 3.10)	829,092	806,867	804,949	789,154		
Taxes and duties	318,147	372,537	308,612	360,060		
Fees and service expenses	664,064	504,047	506,485	335,307		
Directors' remuneration	13,536	13,154	11,886	11,829		
Loss on impairment of properties foreclosed (Note 3.9)	160,104	29,177	167,354	71,638		
Contributions to Financial Instritutions Development Fund	687,908	689,806	687,908	689,806		
Other expenses	271,174	501,990	242,127	397,195		
Total Non-interest Expenses	4,248,517	4,231,003	3,982,144	3,931,109		
Income before income tax	1,955,865	1,859,819	1,909,070	1,846,751		
Income tax expense (Notes 3.11 and 14)	20,409	(26,471)	(18,448)	(34,352)		
Net income before minority interests	1,935,456	1,886,290	1,927,518	1,881,103		
Minority interests in net income	(7,938)	(5,187)				
Net income (Note 19)	1,927,518	1,881,103	1,927,518	1,881,103		
Basic earnings per share (Baht) (Notes 3.17 and 19)	0.82	0.80	0.82	0.80		
Number of the weighted average ordinary shares (shares)	2,353,412,561	2,352,547,372	2,353,412,561	2,352,547,372		

Pol.Gen. Pow Sarasin	Banthoon Lamsam
Vice Chairman	President



KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES (FORMERLY: THAI FARMERS BANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED) STATEMENTS OF INCOME

FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2003 AND 2002

(Unaudited) (Reviewed)

Thousand Baht

	Consolida	Consolidated		The Bank	
	2003	2002	2003	2002	
Interest and dividend income (Notes 3.2, 3.4 and 19)					
Loans	19,464,727	19,407,467	18,240,703	18,758,420	
Interbank and money market items	1,782,294	2,923,284	1,780,712	2,921,217	
Investments	3,396,653	4,839,067	3,389,327	3,588,003	
Total Interest and Dividend Income	24,643,674	27,169,818	23,410,742	25,267,640	
Interest expense (Note 3.3)	- .,		, ,		
Deposits	6,282,276	9,225,697	6,282,276	9,225,697	
Interbank and money market items	189,736	256,945	170,559	256,945	
Long-term borrowings	3,850,167	3,860,165	3,850,167	3,860,165	
Total Interest Expense	10,322,179	13,342,807	10,303,002	13,342,807	
Net income from interest and dividend	14,321,495	13,827,011	13,107,740	11,924,833	
Reversal on bad debt and doubtful accounts (Notes 3.6, 8 and 19)	(9,219,039)	(1,526,695)	(7,650,279)	(1,598,393)	
	9,191,201	2,158,511	7,861,002	1,598,393	
Loss on debt restructuring (Notes 3.7 and 9)	600,000	600,000	600,000	600,000	
Normalized provisions (Notes 3.8 and 10)				000,000	
Net income from interest and dividend after bad debt and doubtful accounts,		10 505 105	10.000.010	11,324,833	
loss on debt restructuring and normalized provisions	13,749,333	12,595,195	12,297,017	11,324,833	
Non-interest income				0.50.011	
Gain on investments (Notes 3.4 and 5)	1,747,744	625,509	2,081,319	960,211	
Gain on transfer of financial assets (Note 19)	2,735,915	-	•	-	
Share of profit from investments on equity method (Notes 3.4 and 19)	57,950	31,964	3,631,475	302,092	
Fees and service income					
Acceptances, aval and guarantees	465,131	452,482	465,131	452,482	
Others	4,394,384	4,281,956	4,050,980	3,929,228	
Gain on exchanges (Note 3.12)	1,498,076	764,219	1,498,076	764,219	
Other income	764,282	474,798	609,819	424,660	
Total Non-interest Income	11,663,482	6,630,928	12,336,800	6,832,892	
Non-interest expenses					
Personnel expenses	3,891,062	3,952,593	3,746,554	3,838,677	
Premises and equipment expenses (Note 3.10)	2,479,823	2,602,490	2,410,052	2,549,219	
Taxes and duties	923,872	1,250,061	899,914	1,216,342	
Fees and service expenses	1,844,299	1,526,725	1,468,694	1,027,708	
Directors' remuneration	41,592	35,539	35,660	30,552	
Loss on impairment of properties foreclosed (Note 3.9)	320,032	204,961	320,032	165,767	
Contributions to Financial Institutions Development Fund	2,013,280	2,042,611	2,013,280	2,042,611	
Other expenses	1,048,174	1,917,387	971,298	1,643,995	
Total Non-interest Expenses	12,562,134	13,532,367	11,865,484	12,514,871	
Income before income tax	12,850,681	5,693,756	12,768,333	5,642,854	
Income tax expense (Notes 3.11 and 14)	20,481	(47,869)	(42,749)	(80,397)	
Net income before minority interests	12,830,200	5,741,625	12,811,082	5,723,251	
Minority interests in net income	(19,118)	(18,374)			
Net income (Note 19)	12,811,082	5,723,251	12,811,082	5,723,251	
Basic earnings per share (Baht) (Notes 3.17 and 19)	5.44	2.43	5.44	2.43	
Number of the weighted average ordinary shares (shares)	2,352,838,938	2,352,547,372	2,352,838,938	2,352,547,372	
inution of the weighted average ordinary shares (anales)	2,002,000,700	2,32,2,1,1,1,2,2		-,,- ,/,5/2	

Pol.Gen. Pow Sarasin	Banthoon Lamsam
Vice Chairman	President



KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES (FORMERLY: THAI FARMERS BANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED) STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2003 AND 2002

(Unaudited) (Reviewed)

т	housand	Raht

I housand Bany								
Consolidated								
Issued and Fully	Premium on	Premium on	Appraisal	Revaluation Surplus	Deficit	Minority	Total	
Paid-up Share	Share Capital	Expired	Surplus on Asset	(Deficit) on		Interests		
Capital		Warrants	Revaluation	Investments				
23,530,947	49,505,506	5,520,432	6,515,962	1,524,877	(59,526,181)	368,689	27,440,232	
•	-	-	(118,606)	•	176,448	-	57,842	
-		-		887,254	•	•	887,254	
-	-		(118,606)	887,254	176,448		945,096	
•	•	•	•	-	5,723,251		5,723,251	
•	•		•	-	-	(3,012)	(3,012)	
23,530,947	49,505,506	5,520,432	6,397,356	2,412,131	(53,626,482)	365,677	34,105,567	
	-	-						
23,530,947	49,505,506	5,520,432	6,367,117	2,773,163	(52,622,150)	370,399	35,445,414	
9,707	-		•	•	-	•	9,707	
-	19,414	•	•	-	-	•	19,414	
-	•		(99,748)	•	99,748	-	•	
				(227,990)	<u> </u>		(227,990)	
9,707	19,414	•	(99,748)	(227,990)	99,748	•	(198,869)	
-	-		•	-	12,811,082	-	12,811,082	
					•	(28,219)	(28,219)	
23,540,654	49,524,920	5,520,432	6,267,369	2,545,173	(39,711,320)	342,180	48,029,408	
	Paid-up Share Capital 23,530,947	Paid-up Share Capital 23,530,947	Paid-up Share Capital Expired Warrants 23,530,947 49,505,506 5,520,432	Constitution Premium on P	Issued and Fully	Issued and Fully		

KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES (FORMERLY: THAI FARMERS BANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED) STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2003 AND 2002

(Unaudited) (Reviewed)

				Thousand Baht			
				The Bank			
	Issued and Fully	Premium on	Premium on	Appraisal	Revaluation Surplus	Deficit	Total
	Paid-up Share	Share Capital	Expired	Surplus on Asset	(Deficit) on		
	Capital		Warrants	Revaluation	Investments		
Beginning balance as of December 31, 2001	23,530,947	49,505,506	5,520,432	6,515,962	1,524,877	(59,526,181)	27,071,543
Appraisal surplus on asser revaluation				(118,606)		176,448	57,842
Revaluation surplus (deficit) on investments		-			887,254		887,254
Net gain (loss) not recognised in the statement of income		-	-	(118,606)	887,254	176,448	945,096
Net income	•		-		-	5,723,251	5,723,251
Ending balance as of September 30, 2002	23,530,947	49,505,506	5,520,432	6,397,356	2,412,131	(53,626,482)	33,739,890
Beginning balance as of December 31, 2002	23,530,947	49,505,506	5,520,432	6,367,117	2,773,163	(52,622,150)	35,075,015
Ordinary shares	9,707	-			-	-	9,707
Premium on share capital		19,414				-	19,414
Appraisal surplus on asset revaluation				(99,748)		99,748	-
Revaluation surplus (deficit) on investments		-	-		(227,990)		(227,990)
Net gain (loss) not recognised in the statement of income	9,707	19,414		(99,748)	(227,990)	99,748	(198,869)
Net income	-	•	-			12,811,082	12,811,082
Ending balance as of September 30, 2003	23,540,654	49,524,920	5,520,432	6,267,369	2,545,173	(39,711,320)	47,687,228

KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

(FORMERLY: THAI FARMERS BANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2003 AND 2002

(Unaudited)

(Reviewed)

	Thousand Bahi				
	Consolida	ited	The Bar	nk	
	2003	2002	2003	2002	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Net income	12,811,082	5,723,251	12,811,082	5,723,251	
Add (Less) Adjustments to reconcile net income to net					
eash from operating activities					
Depreciation and amortization	1,180,243	1,256,215	1,151,808	1,231,770	
Reversal on bad debt and doubtful accounts	(9,219,039)	(1,526,695)	(7,650,279)	(1,598,393)	
Loss on debt restructuring	9,191,201	2,158,511	7,861,002	1,598,393	
Normalized provisions	600,000	600,000	600,000	600,000	
Interest income from amortization of revaluation allowance for debt restructuring	(1,564,104)	(461,413)	(576,945)	(317,745)	
Interest income from amortization of revaluation allowance for investment in receivables	•	(90,352)	-	•	
Loss on revaluation of investments	47,941	11,390	47,941	11,390	
Loss (reversal) on impairment of investments	213,175	738,162	(450,963)	(271,848)	
Amortization of excess of fair value of assets acquired					
over cost of investment in subsidiary	(8,412)	(9,403)	-	•	
Gain on disposal of securities for investments	(1,668,362)	(1,329,151)	(1,540,964)	(653,843)	
Amortization of premium and discount on debt instruments	972,413	637,128	969,934	635,928	
Loss on impairment of foreclosed properties	320,032	204,961	320,032	165,767	
(Reversal) loss on impairment of other assets	(18,406)	167,887	66,109	37,096	
Loss (gain) on disposal of premises and equipment	1,541	(4,016)	(1,397)	(3,991)	
Reversal on impairment of premises and equipment	(21,358)	(4,769)	(16,164)	(2,769)	
Gain on transfer of financial assets	(2,735,915)	-	-	-	
Share of profit from investments on equity method	(57,950)	(31,964)	(3,631,475)	(302,092)	
Dividend income from subsidiaries and associated companies	97,615	68,463	215,919	131,882	
Deferred income tax	(69,618)	(79,783)	(42,749)	(80,398)	
Amortization of discount on debentures	3,160	3,226	3,160	3,226	
Decrease in accrued interest receivables	280,674	600,435	396,683	174,296	
Increase in other accrued income	(459,451)	(519,451)	(456,889)	(529,691)	
Increase in accrued interest payables	3,938	330,163	1,039	330,163	
Increase in other accrued expenses	587,642	674,286	608,351	667,915	
(Decrease) increase in other reserves	(285,000)	590,000	(285,000)	590,000	
Minority interests in net income	19,118	18,374	-		
Net income from operations before changes in operating					
assets and liabilities	10,222,160	9,725,455	10,400,235	8,140,307	
(Increase) decrease in operating assets					
Interbank and money market items (assets)	5,305,517	35,199,249	5,282,647	34,785,898	
Securities purchased under resale agreements	(36,600,000)	(7,094,000)	(36,600,000)	(7,094,000)	
Investment for trading	2,356,322	(6,392,316)	2,356,322	(6,392,316)	
Loans	(19,988,231)	(257,297)	(17,978,731)	3,705,000	
Properties foreclosed	2,932,393	1,800,324	1,593,676	1,325,423	
Other assets	(5,939,042)	1,277,098	(6,002,048)	1,348,407	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

(FORMERLY: THAI FARMERS BANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2003 AND 2002

(Unaudited)

(Reviewed)

		Thousand	Baht	
	Consolid	ated	The Ba	nk
	2003	2002	2003	2002
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities				
Deposits	38,844,704	(13,898,644)	38,881,912	(13,857,732)
Interbank and money market items (liabilities)	(222,440)	(8,471,502)	336,560	(8,480,244)
Liabilities payable on demand	(479,822)	(1,064,902)	(479,822)	(1,064,902)
Other liabilities	(1,105,534)	6,086,733	(1,053,852)	6,108,641
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Operating Activities	(4,673,973)	16,910,198	(3,263,101)	18,524,482
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from disposal of available for sale investments	23,490,246	45,239,749	23,485,789	45,200,049
Proceeds from redemption of held to maturity debt instruments	51,007,241	14,014,431	50,519,241	13,584,431
Proceeds from disposal of general investments	1,987,459	2,341,733	671,134	292,144
Purchase of available for sale investments	(47,071,999)	(62,110,638)	(47,064,502)	(62,110,638)
Purchase of held to maturity debt instruments	(23,953,355)	(16,856,749)	(23,557,730)	(15,984,458)
Purchase of general investments	(943,140)	(113,626)	(997,535)	(113,626)
Purchase of investment in a subsidiary	(212,456)	•	(212,480)	-
Proceeds from disposal of premises and equipment	14,991	16,787	2,629	16,260
Purchase of premises and equipment	(1,074,526)	(1,195,885)	(1,060,281)	(1,187,970)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities	3,244,461	(18,664,198)	1,786,265	(20,303,808)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Dividend paid to minority interests	(47,337)	(25,375)	-	
Increase in ordinary shares	9,707	-	9,707	-
Increase in premium on share capital	19,414	-	19,414	-
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Financing Activities	(18,216)	(25,375)	29,121	-
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(1,447,728)	(1,779,375)	(1,447,715)	(1,779,326)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period (Notes 3.1 and 4)	9,764,206	12,142,514	9,764,122	12,142,412
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period (Notes 3.1 and 4)	8,316,478	10,363,139	8,316,407	10,363,086
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOWS INFORMATION				
Cash paid during the period				
Interest expense	10,362,570	13,012,644	10,301,963	13,012,644
Income tax	163,804	126,253	95,042	88,851,210

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

(FORMERLY: THAI FARMERS BANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED)

NOTES TO INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE NINE – MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2003 AND 2002 (REVIEWED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002 (AUDITED)

AND FOR THE THREE - MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2003 AND 2002 (REVIEWED)

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED ("the Bank") is a public company registered in the Kingdom of Thailand with its head office located at 1 Soi Kasikornthai, Ratburana Road, Bangkok. The Bank's main business is commercial banking and the Bank conducts its businesses through a network of branches covering all parts of Thailand and some major parts of the world. As at September 30, 2003 and December 31, 2002, the Bank had total staffing of 9,842 and 9,664 persons, respectively.

The Bank registered to change it's name to "KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED" with the Ministry of Commerce on April 8, 2003.

2 BASIS OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION AND PRINCIPLE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.1 The consolidated and the Bank only financial statements are prepared in accordance with the regulation of the Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET) dated November 22, 1999, regarding the "Preparation and Filing of Financial Statements and Reports Concerning the Financial Status and Result of Business Operations of Listed Companies" (B.E. 2542), and with the Bank of Thailand (BoT) directive dated May 10, 2001, prescribing the forms of balance sheets and the profit and loss accounts of commercial banks; and in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in Thailand.

The interim financial statements are presented in accordance with the Thai Accounting Standard No.41, regarding the Interim Financial Statements, and have been prepared for providing an update on the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2002. They focus on new activities, events and circumstances to avoid repetition of information previously reported. Accordingly, these interim financial statements, should be read in conjunction with the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2002.

As required by Thai law and specific regulatory requirements, the Bank's financial statements have been prepared in the Thai language. They have been translated into English here for the convenience of the reader.

2.2 The Consolidated financial statements consist of KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED's financial statements and the following subsidiaries' financial statements:

% Shareholding

	September 30, 2003	December 31, 2002
Phethai Asset Management Co., Ltd. ("Phethai-AMC")	99.99	99.99
Ploy Asset Management Co., Ltd. ("Ploy-AMC")	99.99	99.99
Progress Land and Buildings Co., Ltd. ("PLB")	99.99	99.99
Kasikorn Factoring Co.,Ltd. ("KF")	99.99	20.00
Kasikorn Asset Management Co., Ltd. ("K-ASSET")	71.42	71.42

Phethai Asset Management Company Limited (formerly: "Thonburi Asset Management Company Limited"), a company registered in the Kingdom of Thailand on September 24, 1999, was approved by the BoT on October 13, 1999 to also register as an asset management company under the Ministerial Regulation (B.E. 2541) issued with regard to the provisions of the Asset Management Company Act (B.E. 2541). The Company is located at 252/6 Muang Thai - Phatra Office Tower 1, Floor 14, Ratchadaphisek Road, Huaykwang, Bangkok and was established with the objective of managing substandard assets transferred from the Bank.

Ploy Asset Management Company Limited (formerly: "Chantaburi Asset Management Company Limited"), a company registered in the Kingdom of Thailand on September 30, 1999, was approved by the BoT on October 13, 1999 to also register as an asset management company under the Ministerial Regulation (B.E. 2541) issued with regard to the provisions of the Asset Management Company Act (B.E. 2541). The Company is located at 252/6 Muang Thai - Phatra Office Tower I, Floor 5, Ratchadaphisek Road, Huaykwang, Bangkok and was established with the objective of managing substandard assets purchased or transferred from Phatra Thanakit Public Company Limited under the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between the Financial Institution Development Fund (FIDF), KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED (formerly: "Thai Farmers Bank Public Company Limited") and Phatra Thanakit Public Company Limited dated September 29, 1999. Under this MOU, the management of substandard assets must be completed by December 31, 2004 and the resulting profit or loss is thereafter to be shared among the aforementioned companies and the FIDF, in accordance with the conditions set forth in the MOU.

Progress Land and Buildings Company Limited is a company registered in the Kingdom of Thailand on November 18, 1999 and located at 400/22 Thai Farmers Bank Building, Floor 16, Phaholyothin Road, Samsennai, Phayathai, Bangkok. The Company was established to receive, manage and sell properties that have been foreclosed as well as the premises of Phatra Thanakit Public Company Limited, itself.

Kasikorn Asset Management Company Limited (formerly: "Thai Farmers Asset Management Company Limited") is a company registered in the Kingdom of Thailand on March 18, 1992 located at 252/6 Muang Thai - Phatra Office Tower 1, Floor 30 - 32, office No. 252/38 - 41, Ratchadaphisek Road, Huaykwang, Bangkok. The Company's main businesses are assets and fund management.

Kasikorn Factoring Company Limited ("formerly: "Thai Farmers Heller Factoring Company Limited"), a company registered in the Kingdom of Thailand on July 9, 1990, and located at 252 Phatra Insurance Building, Floor 1, Ratchadapisek Road, Huaykwang, Bangkok. The company was established to furnish commercial finance services to business and currently provides service in factoring, finance lease, operating lease and hire purchase.

Significant inter-company transactions and accounts are eliminated from the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements exclude the financial statements of subsidiaries whose financial statements are not material to the Bank. The financial position and results of operations of subsidiaries, which are not included in the consolidated financial statements, are presented as supplementary information in the accompanying Note 5 to these financial statements.

The consolidated and the Bank-only financial statements include the accounts of all branches, domestic and overseas, and of the Bank's International Banking Facility. Interoffice transactions have been eliminated.

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents represent cash in hand and cash items in process of collection.

3.2 Recognition of Interest Income

Interest and discount income on loans are recognized on an accrual basis, except when interest payments are in arrears for more than three months where, regardless of whether the loans are fully collateralized or not, a cash basis is then adopted.

Income from hire-purchase agreements is recognized using the sum-of-the digits method.

The Bank reverses accrued interest receivables on loans for which repayments are in arrears for more than 3 months, in compliance with the BoT regulation.

For the period 2003 the asset management subsidiaries recognize interest on investments in receivables and loans on a cash basis, whereas previously they recognized interest on investments in receivables by the effective interest yield method (see Note 19).

Lease income of a subsidiary is recognized as follows:

Income from finance lease agreements is recognized on the basis of installment payment due by the effective yield method, calculated from the balance of net investments in each installment, except when installment payment are in arrears for more than six months where a cash basis is then adopted.

Income from operating lease agreements is recognized on the basis of equal monthly installment, except when installment payment are in arrears for more than six months where a cash basis is then adopted.

The other subsidiaries recognize income on an accrual basis.

3.3 Recognition of Interest Expense

Interest expense is recognized on an accrual basis.

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3.4 Investments

Investments in debt instruments and marketable equity securities classified as trading investments are stated at fair value. Unrealized gains or losses arising from their revaluation are reflected in the statement of income.

Investments in debt instruments or marketable equity securities classified as available-for-sale investments are stated at fair value. Unrealized gains or losses arising from their revaluation are shown as a component of shareholders' equity and realized in the statement of income upon disposal.

Investments in debt instruments classified as held-to-maturity investments are stated at their amortized cost, after deduction of any allowance for impairment. Premiums and discounts are amortized by the effective interest yield method.

Investments in non-marketable equity securities that are not investments in subsidiaries or associated companies are stated at cost, after deduction of allowance for impairment.

Investments in receivables of Ploy Asset Management Company Limited are stated at cost, after deduction of allowance for impairment and revaluation allowance for debt restructuring. In the accounting period 2003, the asset management subsidiaries accounted for the transfer of financial assets by recording the transfer of investments in receivables, which were restructured, to loans, at the fair value on the transfer date, which is based on the present value of future cash collections calculated using discount rates equivalent to the market interest rate, adjusted by a risk premium. The difference between the carrying value and fair value at that date is recognized as gain/loss on transfer of financial assets. (See Note 19)

Investments in associated companies are accounted for using the equity method, so as to incorporate the Bank's share of profit (loss) and net assets in these companies in the financial statements.

In the Bank-only accounts, investments in subsidiaries are accounted for using the equity method, so as to incorporate the Bank's share of profit (loss) and net assets in these companies in the financial statements.

An impairment review for investments is carried out when there is a factor indicating that an investment might be impaired. Loss on impairments for all classifications of investment are charged to the statement of income.

Interest income from investments is recognized on an accrual basis. Dividends are recognized as income on a cash basis. Gains or losses on sales of securities are recognized in the statement of income upon disposal.

Cost of investments sold is calculated using the weighted average method.

Investments in marketable equity securities classified as trading investments and available-for-sale investments are stated at fair value based on the latest Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET) bid prices as of the end of the period.

Investments in marketable unit trusts classified as trading investments and available-for-sale investments are stated at fair value based on net assets value as at the end of the period.

Investments in government securities and state enterprise securities guaranteed by the government, and classified as trading investments or available-for-sale investments, are stated at the fair value based on the Thai Bond Dealing Centre Government Bond Yield Curve as of the end of the period. State enterprise securities not guaranteed by the government and private debt instruments are stated at the fair value based on the bid prices from the Thai Bond Dealing Centre as of the end of the period, if available, otherwise the Government Bond Yield of the same period from the Thai Bond Dealing Centre, adjusted by an appropriate risk premium, is used.



3.5 Loans

Loans represent only principal amounts, except in cases of loans effected through overdraft agreements. Unearned discounts received in advance are presented as deduction of loans.

3.6 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Allowance for doubtful accounts is determined through methods based on the BoT's regulations, the Bank's analysis of each loan, and an appraisal of the financial standing of each borrower, taking into consideration the Bank's experience in loan risk and collateral value.

In accordance with the regulations of the BoT, the Bank and its asset management companies categorize their loan portfolios into six categories and set minimum reserves based on these categories (see Note 8). The period that a loan is past due is the principal criteria used in classifying a loan. The maximum collateral value used in calculating the required allowance for doubtful accounts is based on the type of collateral and the date of the most recent valuation. Allowance for normal and special mention loans are provided for based on the outstanding debt before deduction of collateral value.

Allowance for doubtful accounts is charged as an expense in each accounting period.

Bad debts written off or recovered are recorded as charges or credits, respectively, to the allowance for doubtful accounts.

3.7 Troubled Debt Restructuring

The Bank and asset management subsidiaries record foreclosed assets acquired from troubled debt restructuring at fair value, which does not exceed the amount of the debts, including interest receivables, based on the legal claim. Where restructuring a loan involves modification of its terms, the present value of the expected future cash collections is calculated by using discount rates equivalent to the market rates of interest at the time of restructuring. The difference between the present value of the future cash flows expected to be received and the outstanding balances of investment in loans is recorded in the revaluation allowance for debt restructuring. This revaluation allowance for debt restructuring is amortized to the statement of income according to the amounts received over the remaining period of the debt-restructuring contracts.

3.8 Normalized Provisioning

The Bank has begun to set aside normalized provisions above the current level of allowance for doubtful accounts to accommodate unforeseen losses. The Bank will set aside normalized provisions of approximately 0.5 percent of all normal and non-performing loans. Normalized provisioning will be gradually accumulated on a quarterly basis starting from the quarter ending June 30, 2002 until achieving the above target.

Normalized provisioning is charged as an expense in each accounting period.

3.9 Properties Foreclosed

Properties foreclosed are recorded at the lower of market value or the amount of the related debts, including interest receivable based on the legal claim. The market value is estimated by using the latest appraisal value after deduction of estimated disposal expenses and holding cost.

Losses on impairment are charged to the statement of income. Gains or losses on disposal of properties foreclosed are recorded as other income or expenses upon disposal.

3.10 Premises and Equipment and Depreciation

Land is stated at revalued cost. Buildings are stated at revalued cost less accumulated depreciation. The revaluation surplus of land and buildings is shown as a component of shareholders' equity. When surpluses arising from the revaluation of fixed assets are realized, the Bank transfers these directly to retained earnings.

Equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation on buildings acquired before July 1996 is computed using the declining-balance method at the annual rate of 4 - 5% on cost. Depreciation on buildings acquired after July 1996 is computed using the straight-line method on the acquisition cost at the annual rate of 3.33%.

Depreciation on the revalued incremental cost of buildings is computed using the same method and the same rate as the acquisition cost.

Depreciation on equipment is computed using the straight-line method on the acquisition cost at the annual rate of 12.5 - 20.0%.

Gains or losses on disposal of premises and equipment are recorded as other income or expenses upon disposal.

3.11 Income Tax and Deferred Income Tax

Tax expense comprises current tax expense and deferred tax expense.

Current tax expense is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for a period.

Income tax recoverable in future resulting from temporary differences between the carrying amount of an asset or liability and its tax base value is recorded as deferred tax asset only to the extent of the amount expected to be realized in the future.

All income tax payable in future resulting from temporary differences between the carrying amount of an asset or liability and its tax base is recorded as deferred tax liability.

3.12 Translation of Foreign Currencies

Assets, liabilities and forward contracts denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Baht at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of transactions. Assets, liabilities and forward contracts denominated in foreign currencies at the end of the period are translated into Baht at the reference rates announced by the BoT on that date.

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Exchange gains or losses on translation and on transactions in foreign currencies are included in revenues and expenses for the period.

3.13 Derivatives

Forward Exchange Contracts

For hedging transactions, the difference between the forward rate and the spot rate on the date of a forward exchange contract is amortized to the statement of income over the period of the contract.

Trading transactions are carried at fair value using the Mark-to-Market approach for the period 2003. Gains or losses resulting from changes in fair values are included in revenues and expenses for the period.

Cross Currency Swaps and Interest Rate Swaps

The accounting for these derivative transactions depends on their purpose:

1. Hedging of the Bank's Exposure to Financial Risks

Derivative contracts are recorded off-balance sheet. Revenues, expenses and gains or losses resulting from changes in the fair values of contracts are recognized in accordance with the standard accounting treatment for revenues, expenses, gains or losses on underlying assets, liabilities or other financial obligations as follows:

Where gains or losses on the underlying transactions are recorded at fair value, losses or gains on derivative transactions used as the hedge will be recognized at fair value throughout the corresponding hedging period.

Where gains or losses on the underlying transactions are recorded on an accrual basis, losses or gains on derivative transactions used as a hedge will also be recognized on an accrual basis over the period of the contracts.

2. Trading

Mark-to-market accounting is applied to trading transactions. Hence, traded derivative transactions are carried at their fair values. Gains or losses resulting from changes in fair values are included in revenues and expenses.

3.14 Staff Retirement Fund

Staff members are entitled to retirement pay upon termination of employment depending upon length of service and other conditions. It is management's policy to contribute an appropriate amount to the Fund each period.

3.15 Provident Fund

The Bank established a provident fund under the Provident Fund Act (B.E. 2530), and registered this Fund with the Ministry of Finance on August 16, 1994.

According to the Fund's article, every employee is entitled to apply for membership, and each member must contribute to the Fund at the rate of 3% of their basic salary, while and the Bank contributes an additional 3.0 - 4.5% upon termination of employment. Employees are entitled to receive this benefit upon termination of employment except when terminated "without compensation".

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3.16 Goodwill

Goodwill, representing the difference between the fair value of assets of subsidiaries acquired and the cost of investments in subsidiaries at the time of acquisition, is amortized over a period of ten years. Goodwill is presented under other assets in the consolidated financial statements.

3.17 Basic Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding at the end of period.

There is no diluting effect on earnings per share that might result from an assumed exercise of warrants and convertible preferred shares.

3.18 Use of Accounting Estimates

Preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the Bank and its subsidiaries to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

4 SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION RELATED TO CASH FLOWS

Non-cash items are as follows

The Bank and its subsidiaries have provided for revaluation surpluses (deficits) on investments presented as a deduction in shareholders' equity for the nine-month periods ended September 30, as follows:

(Million Baht)

Consolidated and The Bank

2003 2002

Revaluation surplus (deficit) on investments

(228) 887

For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003 and 2002, the Bank recorded the realized portion of appraised surplus on building depreciation and retirement of assets amounting to Baht 100 million and Baht 176 million, respectively, by transferring these entries directly to retained earnings.

For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003 and 2002, the Bank and its subsidiaries received properties foreclosed transferred from debt settlement amounting to Baht 3,109 million and Baht 1,828 million, respectively on a consolidated basis and Baht 2,285 million and Baht 719 million, respectively for the Bank-only.

For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003 and 2002, the Bank transferred sub-quality assets to Thai Assets Management Corporation (TAMC) and has the right to receive non-transferable promissory notes from TAMC, which has been included in investments as held-to-maturity debt instruments amounting to Baht 62 million and Baht 794 million, respectively. (Note 5)

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5 INVESTMENTS

Investments consisted of:

(Million Baht)

Consolidated

September 30, 2003

	Amortized Cost Value	Unrealized Gain	Unrealized Loss	Fair Value
1. Current investments				
1.1 Trading investments				
1.1.1 Government and state enterprises				
securities	4,828	-	(37)	4,791
1.1.2 Private enterprises debt instruments	<u> 170</u>		(1)	169
Total	4,998	-	(38)	4,960
Add Allowance for revaluation	(38)			
Total	_4,960			4,960
1.2 Available-for-sale investments				
1.2.1 Government and state enterprises				
securities	41,614	1,470	(2)	43,082
1.2.2 Private enterprises debt instruments	1,199	7	(5)	1,201
1.2.3 Foreign debt instruments	5,925	52	(36)	5,941
1.2.4 Marketable equity securities - domesti	ic 558	310	(118)	750
1.2.5 Others	200	20	_(70)	<u>150</u>
Total	49,496	1,859	(231)	51,124
Add Allowance for revaluation	1,816			•
Less Allowance for impairment	(188)			
Total	51,124			51,124
1.3 Held-to-maturity debt instruments				
1.3.1 Government and state enterprises	5,627	32	-	5,659
securities				
1.3.2 Foreign debt instruments	2,673	38	_(43)	<u>2,668</u>
Total	8,300	70	(43)	8,327
Less Allowance for impairment	(42)			
Total	8,258			8,327
Total Current Investments - net	<u>64,342</u>			<u>64,411</u>

(Million Baht)

Consolidated

September 30, 2003

		Amortized Cost Value	Unrealized Gain	Unrealized Loss	Fair Value
2.	Long-term investments				
	2.1 Available-for-sale investments				
	2.1.1 Government and state enterprises				
	securities	36,597	1,226	(2)	37,821
	2.1.2 Private enterprises debt instruments	2,538	45	(3)	2,580
	2.1.3 Foreign debt instruments	12,461	165	(14)	12,612
	2.1.4 Marketable equity securities				
	- domestic	314	418	<u>(83)</u>	649
	Total	51,910	1,854	(102)	53,662
	Add Allowance for revaluation	1,834			-
	Less Allowance for impairment	(82)			-
	Total	<u>53,662</u>			53,662
	2.2 Held-to-maturity debt instruments				
	2.2.1 Government and state enterprises				
	securities	22,842	983	(340)	23,485
	2.2.2 Private enterprises debt instruments	1,740	-	(945)	795
	2.2.3 Foreign debt instruments	_3,493	32	(3)	3,522
	Total	28,075	1,015	(1,288)	27,802
	Less Allowance for impairment	(1,284)	•		
	Total	<u> 26,791</u>			<u>27,802</u>
	2.3 General investments				
	2.3.1 Non-marketable equity securities				
	-domestic	3,692	2	(1,276)	2,418
	2.3.2 Non-marketable equity securities				
	-overseas	479	-	(365)	114
	2.3.3 Investments in receivables	6,501	<u>·</u>	(2,851)	3,650
	Total	10,672	2	(4,492)	6,182
	Less Allowance for impairment	(4,490)			
	Total	6,182			6,182
	Total Long-term Investments - net	<u>86,635</u>			<u>87,646</u>

Consolidated

December 31, 2002

	Amortized Cost Value	Unrealized Gain	Unrealized Loss	Fair Value
1. Current investments				
1.1 Trading investments				
1.1.1 Government and state enterprises	6,978	10	-	6,988
securities				
Add Allowance for revaluation	10			
Total	6,988			<u>6,988</u>
1.2 Available-for-sale investments				
1.2.1 Government and state enterprises				
securities	22,982	1,686	(1)	24,667
1.2.2 Private enterprises debt instruments	2,956	29	-	2,985
1.2.3 Foreign debt instruments	3,298	145	(303)	3,140
1.2.4 Marketable equity securities				
- domestic	1,166	514	(477)	1,203
1.2.5 Others	213	7	(70)	<u> 150</u>
Total	30,615	2,381	(851)	32,145
Add Allowance for revaluation	2,060			-
Less Allowance for impairment	_(530)			
Total	<u>32,145</u>			<u>32,145</u>
1.3 Held-to-maturity debt instruments				
1.3.1 Government and state enterprises				
securities	22,521	89	(1)	22,609
1.3.2 Foreign debt instruments	11,045	21		11,066
Total	33,566	110	(1)	<u>33,675</u>
Total Current Investments - net	<u>72,699</u>			<u>72,808</u>

Consolidated

December 31, 2002

	Amortized Cost Value	Unrealized Gain	Unrealized Loss	<u>Fair Value</u>
2. Long-term investments				
2.1 Available-for-sale investments				
2.1.1 Government and state enterprises				
securities	30,208	911	-	31,119
2.1.2 Private enterprises debt instruments	2,778	104	(5)	2,877
2.1.3 Foreign debt instruments	15,287	754	(6)	16,035
2.1.4 Marketable equity securities -				
domestic	547	<u>295</u>	(162)	<u>680</u>
Total	48,820	2,064	(173)	50,711
Add Allowance for revaluation	2,046			-
Less Allowance for impairment	(155)			<u> </u>
Total	50,711			50,711
2.2 Held-to-maturity debt instruments				
2.2.1 Government and state enterprises				
securities	23,360	1,042	-	24,402
2.2.2 Private enterprises debt instruments	1,605	1	(1,180)	426
2.2.3 Foreign debt instruments	3.055	87	(80)	<u>3,062</u>
Total	28,020	1,130	(1,260)	27,890
Less Allowance for impairment	(1,253)			
Total	<u> 26,767</u>			<u>27,890</u>
2.3 General investments				
2.3.1 Non-marketable equity securities				
-domestic	3,422	-	(1,381)	2,041
2.3.2 Non-marketable equity securities				
-overseas	419	-	(323)	96
2.3.3 Investments in receivables	<u>14,210</u>		(2,941)	11,269
Total	18,051	•	(4,645)	13,406
Less Allowance for impairment	(4,645)			<u> </u>
Total	<u>13,406</u>			<u>13,406</u>
Total Long-term Investments - net	<u>90,884</u>			<u>92,007</u>

The Bank September 30, 2003

		Amortized Cost Value	Unrealized Gain	Unrealized Loss	Fair Value
1.	Current investments				
	1.1 Trading investments				
	1.1.1 Government and state enterprises				
	securities	4,828	•	(37)	4,791
	1.1.2 Private enterprises debt instruments	<u>_170</u>	_ -	_(1)	<u>169</u>
	Total	4,998	•	(38)	4,960
	Less Allowance for revaluation	(38)			
	Total	<u>4,960</u>			4,960
	1.2 Available-for-sale investments				
	1.2.1 Government and state enterprises				
	securities	41,614	1,470	(2)	43,082
	1.2.2 Private enterprises debt instruments	1,199	7	(5)	1,201
	1.2.3 Foreign debt instruments	5,925	52	(36)	5,941
	1.2.4 Marketable equity securities				
	- domestic	558	310	(118)	750
	1.2. Others	200	20	<u>(70)</u>	150
	Total	49,496	1,859	(231)	51,124
	Add Allowance for revaluation	1,816			-
	Less Allowance for impairment	(188)			-
	Total	<u>51,124</u>			<u>51,124</u>
	1.3 Held-to-maturity debt instruments				
	1.3.1 Government and state enterprises				
	securities	5,328	32	-	5,360
	1.3.2 Foreign debt instruments	2,673	<u>38</u>	(43)	_2,668
	Total	8,001	70	(43)	8,028
	Less Allowance for impairment	(42)			-
	Total	<u>7,959</u>			_8,028
	Total Current Investments - net	<u>64,043</u>			<u>64,112</u>

The Bank September 30, 2003

	Amortized Cost Value	Unrealized Gain	Unrealized Loss	Fair Value
2. Long-term investments				
2.1 Available-for-sale investments				
2.1.1 Government and state enterprises				
securities	36,597	1,226	(2)	37,821
2.1.2 Private enterprises debt instruments	2,538	45	(3)	2,580
2.1.3 Foreign debt instruments	12,461	165	(14)	12,612
2.1.4 Marketable equity securities				
- domestic	302	407	<u>(83)</u>	<u>626</u>
Total	51,898	1,843	(102)	53,639
Add Allowance for revaluation	1,823			-
Less Allowance for impairment	(82)			
Total	<u>53,639</u>			53,639
2.2 Held-to-maturity debt instruments				
2.2.1 Government and state enterprises				
securities	22,658	977	(340)	23,295
2.2.2 Private enterprises debt instruments	1,625	-	(922)	703
2.2.3 Foreign debt instruments	3,493	32	(3)	3,522
Total	27,776	1,009	(1,265)	27,520
Less Allowance for impairment	(1,261)			
Total	<u> 26,515</u>			<u>27,520</u>
2.3 l General investments				
2.3.1 Non-marketable equity securities-				
domestic	3,489	•	(1,208)	2,281
2.3.2 Non-marketable equity securities-				
overseas	419		_(323)	96
Total	3,908	-	(1,531)	2,377
Less Allowance for impairment	(1,531)			
Total	2,377			2,377
Total Long-term Investments - net	82,531			<u>83,536</u>

The Bank

December 31, 2002

	Amortized Cost Value	Unrealized Gain	Unrealized Loss	Fair Value
1. Current investments				
1.1 Trading investments				
1.1.1 Government and state enterprises				
securities	6,978	10	-	6,988
Add Allowance for revaluation	10			· <u>-</u>
Total	<u>6,988</u>			<u>6,988</u>
1.2 Available-for-sale investments				
1.2.1 Government and state enterprises				
securities	22,982	1,686	(1)	24,667
1.2.2 Private enterprises debt instruments	2,956	29	-	2,985
1.2.3 Foreign debt instruments	3,298	145	(303)	3,140
1.2.4 Marketable equity securities				
- domestic	1,166	514	(477)	1,203
1.2.5 Others	213	7	_(70)	<u> 150</u>
Total	30,615	2,381	(851)	32,145
Add Allowance for revaluation	2,060			-
Less Allowance for impairment	_(530)			-
Total	32,145			<u>32,145</u>
1.3 Held-to-maturity debt instruments				
1.3.1 Government and state enterprises				
securities	22,132	88	(1)	22,219
1.3.2 Foreign debt instruments	11,045	_21	-	11,066
Total	<u>33,177</u>	109	(1)	33,285
Total Current Investments - net	<u>72,310</u>			<u>72,418</u>

The Bank

December 31, 2002

	Amortized Cost Value	Unrealized Gain	Unrealized Loss	Fair Value
2. Long-term investments				
2.1 Available-for-sale investments				
2.1.1 Government and state enterprises				
securities	30,208	911	-	31,119
2.1.2 Private enterprises debt instruments	2,778	104	(5)	2,877
2.1.3 Foreign debt instruments	15,287	754	(6)	16,035
2.1.4 Marketable equity securities -				
domestic	537	<u>293</u>	<u>(156)</u>	<u>674</u>
Total	48,810	2,062	(167)	50,705
Add Allowance for revaluation	2,050			-
Less Allowance for impairment	(155)			
Total	50,705			50,705
2.2 Held-to-maturity debt instruments				
2.2.1 Government and state enterprises				
securities	23,172	1,037	-	24,209
2.2.2 Private enterprises debt instruments	1,489	1	(1,122)	368
2.2.3 Foreign debt instruments	3,055	<u> 87 </u>	(80)	<u>3,062</u>
Total	27,716	1,125	(1,202)	27,639
Less Allowance for impairment	(1,195)			-
Total	<u>26,521</u>			<u>27,639</u>
2.3 General investments				
2.3.1 Non-marketable equity securities-				
domestic	3,161	-	(1,271)	1,890
2.3.2 Non-marketable equity securities-				
overseas	419	-	_(323)	96
Total	3,580	-	(1,594)	1,986
Less Allowance for impairment	(1,594)			
Total	<u>1,986</u>			<u>1,986</u>
Total Long-term Investments - net	<u>79,212</u>			80,330

As of September 30, 2003 and December 31, 2002, investments in held-to-maturity debt instruments, which are government or state enterprises securities, include promissory notes from TAMC of Baht 10,055 million and Baht 9,619 million, respectively, and the right to receive promissory notes from TAMC of Baht 116 million and Baht 517 million, respectively.

Gain (loss) on investments presented in the statement of income consisted of:

(Million Baht)

	Consc	lidated	The	The Bank	
	For the Three-	Month Periods	For the Three	e-Month Periods	
	Ended Sep	otember 30,	Ended Se	ptember 30.	
	2003	2002	2003	<u>2002</u>	
Gain on disposal of investment					
Held for trading investments	77	92	77	92	
Available-for-sale investments	252	376	249	376	
General investments	•	2	-	2	
Investments in receivables	220	-	<u>-</u>		
Total	<u>549</u>	<u>470</u>	<u>326</u>	<u>470</u>	
Loss on disposal of investments					
Held for trading investments	(29)	(1)	(29)	(1)	
Available-for-sale investments	(85)	(264)	(85)	(264)	
Held-to-maturity debt instruments	-	(46)	-	(46)	
General investments	<u>.</u>	_(60)		<u>(60)</u>	
Total	(114)	(371)	<u>(114)</u>	(371)	
Losses from revaluation	(63)	(8)	(63)	(8)	
(Losses) reversal on impairment	<u>(760)</u>	<u>(437)</u>	21	<u>155</u>	
Total (Loss)Gain on Investments	<u>(388)</u>	<u>(346)</u>	<u>170</u>	<u>246</u>	

	Consc	olidated	The Bank	
	For the Three	Month Periods	For the Three-	Month Periods
	Ended Sep	otember 30,	Ended Ser	otember 30,
	<u>2003</u>	2002	<u>2003</u>	2002
Gain on disposal of investments				
Held for trading investments	200	168	200	168
Available-for-sale investments	2,107	1,381	2,103	1,372
General investments	4	2	4	2
Investments in receivables	_328	<u>667</u>	<u>.</u>	<u> </u>
Total	<u>2,639</u>	<u>2,218</u>	2,307	1,542
Loss on disposal of investments				
Held for trading investments	(63)	(122)	(63)	(122)
Available-for-sale investments	(564)	(556)	(563)	(556)
Held-to-maturity debt instruments	-	(46)	-	(46)
General investments	(3)	(119)	(3)	(119)
Total	<u>(630)</u>	(843)	<u>(629)</u>	(843)
Losses from revaluation	(48)	(11)	(48)	(11)
(Losses) reversal on impairment	(213)	<u>(738)</u>	<u>451</u>	272
Total Gain on Investments	<u>1,748</u>	<u>_626</u>	<u>2,081</u>	<u>.960</u>

Revaluation surpluses (deficits) on investments consisted of:

(Million Baht)

	<u>Consol</u>	<u>idated</u>	The l	<u>Bank</u>
	September 30.	December 31,	September 30.	December 31,
	<u>2003</u>	2002	<u>2003</u>	2002
Revaluation surplus (deficit) on investments				
Debt instruments	2,903	3,325	2,903	3,325
Equity securities	755	781	744	785
Share of revaluation surplus (deficit) in subsidiaries				
and associated companies using the equity method	2	•	13	(4)
Less Deferred tax liabilities	(1,115)	(1,333)	(1,115)	(1,333)
Total	2,545	<u>2,773</u>	<u>2,545</u>	_2,773

(Million Baht)

Consolidated

		Septemb	er 30, 200	3		December	31, 2002	
		Ma	turity			Matu	rity	- <u></u> -
		Over				Over		
		1 year to 5	Over 5			1 year to 5	Over 5	
	1 year	years	years	<u>Total</u>	1 year	years	years	Total
1. Available-for-sale investments								
1.1 Government and state								
enterprise securities	22,416	44,255	11,540	78,211	2,598	36,135	14,457	53,190
1.2 Private enterprise debt								
instruments	503	3,234	-	3,737	2,706	3,028	•	5,734
1.3 Foreign debt instruments	5,226	11,274	<u>1,886</u>	18,386	2,332	14,556	_1,697	18,585
Total	28,145	58,763	13,426	100,334	7,636	53,719	16,154	77,509
Add(Less) Allowance for revaluation	132	1,932	839	2,903	(150)	2,138	1,337	3,325
Less Allowance for impairment					_(10)			(10)
Total	<u>28,277</u>	60,695	14,265	103,237	<u>7,476</u>	<u>55,857</u>	<u>17,491</u>	80,824
2. Held-to-maturity debt instruments								
2.1 Government and state								
enterprise securities	5,628	12,666	10,175	28,469	22,521	13,224	10,136	45,881
2.2 Private enterprise debt								
instruments	-	157	1,583	1,740	583	22	1,000	1,605
2.3 Foreign debt instruments	2,673	3,174	<u>319</u>	<u>6,166</u>	11,045	3,055		14,100
Total	8,301	15,997	12,077	36,375	34,149	16,301	11,136	61,586
Less Allowance for impairment	(42)	(4)	(1,280)	(1,326)	_(583)	(77)	(593)	(1,253)
Total	8,259	15,993	10,797	35,049	33,566	16,224	10,543	60,333
Total Debt Instruments	<u>36,536</u>	<u>76,688</u>	25,062	<u>138,286</u>	<u>41,042</u>	72,081	28,034	<u>141,157</u>

Consolidated

		<u>September 30, 2003</u>			December 31, 2002			
		N	<u>faturity</u>			Matı	ırity	
		<u>Over</u>				<u>Over</u>		
		1 year to 5	Over 5			1 year to 5	Over 5	
	1 year	years	years	Total	1 year	<u>years</u>	years	Total
1. Available-for-sale investments								
1.1 Government and state								
enterprise securities	22,416	44,255	11,540	78,211	2,598	36,135	14,457	53,190
1.2 Private enterprise debt								
instruments	503	3,234	-	3,737	2,706	3,028	-	5,734
1.3 Foreign debt instruments	5,226	11,274	_1,886	18,386	2,332	14,556	_1,697	18,585
Total	28,145	58,763	13,426	100,334	7,636	53,719	16,154	77,509
Add(Less) Allowance for								
revaluation	132	1,932	839	2,903	(150)	2,138	1,337	3,325
Less Allowance for impairment	-				_(10)			(10)
Total	28,277	<u>60,695</u>	14,265	103,237	<u>7.476</u>	55,857	<u>17,491</u>	<u>80,824</u>
2. Held-to-maturity debt								
instruments								
2.1 Government and state								
enterprise securities	5,328	12,483	10,175	27,986	22,132	13,036	10,136	45,304
2.2 Private enterprise debt								
instruments	-	157	1,468	1,625	583	22	884	1,489
2.3 Foreign debt instruments	2,673	_3,174	319	6.166	11.045	_3,055		14,100
Total	8,001	15,814	11,962	35,777	33,760	16,113	11,020	60,893
Less Allowance for impairment	(42)	(4)	(1,257)	(1,303)	_(583)	(77)	(535)	(1,195)
Total	7.959	15.810	10,705	34,474	33,177	16,036	10,485	_59,698
Total Debt Instruments	<u>36,236</u>	<u>76,505</u>	<u>24,970</u>	<u>137,711</u>	40,653	<u>71,893</u>	<u> 27,976</u>	140,522

Investments held by the Bank and its subsidiaries in financial institutions that were closed on December 8, 1997, or investments in listed companies which meet SET's criteria for delisting, and are in default on debt instruments, or companies whose ability to continue as a going concern is uncertain, or unlisted companies whose financial position and operating results are the same as companies which meet SET's criteria for delisting are as follows:

(Million Baht)

Consolidated September 30, 2003

		Cost Va	alue / Book	Value	Fair Value		<u> </u>	
		Investments in	Equity	Debt	Investments	in Equity	Debt	Allowance for
		Receivables	Securities	Instruments	<u>Receivable</u>	Securities	Instrument	Impairment
1.	Closed financial institutions	-	1	1,456	•	-	535	(922)
2.	Listed companies which meet							
	SET's criteria for delisting, and							
	are in defalt on debt instruments	18	57	-	18	-	-	(57)
3.	Companies whose ability to							
	continue as a going concern is							
	uncertain, or unlisted companies							
	whose financial position and							
	operating results are the same as							
	companies which meet							
	SET's criteria for delisting		1,108	<u>_116</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>32</u>	_93	(1,099)
	Total	<u>_18</u>	1,166	<u>1,572</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>628</u>	(2,078)

Consolidated

December 31, 2002

		Cost Va	lue / Book	Value		Fair Value	<u></u>	
		Investments in	Equity	Debt	Investments i	n Equity	Debt	Allowance for
		Receivables	Securities	Instruments	Receivable	Securities	Instrument	Impairment
1.	Closed financial institutions	•	1	131	-	-	-	(132)
2.	Listed companies which meet							
	SET's criteria for delisting and are							
	in default on debt instruments	20	96	672	20	8	16	(744)
3.	Companies whose ability to							
	continue as a going concern is						-	
	uncertain, or unlisted companies							
	whose financial position and							
	operating results are the same as							
	companies which meet							
	SET's criteria for delisting		1,199	<u>_785</u>	<u>.</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>392</u>	(1,557)
	Total	_20	<u>1,296</u>	<u>1,588</u>	20	<u>43</u>	<u>408</u>	(2,433)
							(M	illion Baht)

The Bank

September 30, 2003

		Cost Value /	Book Value	Fair V	alue	
		Equity	Debt	Equity	Debt	Allowance for
		Securities	<u>Instruments</u>	Securities	<u>Instruments</u>	<u>Impairment</u>
1.	Closed financial institutions	1	1,456	-	535	(922)
2.	Listed companies which meet					
	SET's criteria for delisting and are in					
	default on debt instruments	57	•	-	•	(57)
3.	Companies whose ability to					
	continue as a going concern is					
	uncertain, or unlisted companies					
	whose financial position and					
	operating results are the same as					
	companies which meet					
	SET's criteria for delisting	1,108		<u>32</u>	<u>.</u>	(1,076)
	Total	1,166	<u>1,456</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>535</u>	(2,055)

The Bank
December 31, 2002

	-	Cost Value /	Book Value	Fair V	alue	
		Equity	Debt	Equity	Debt	Allowance for
		<u>Securities</u>	Instruments	Securities	Instruments	<u>Impairment</u>
1.	Closed financial institutions	1	131	-	-	(132)
2.	Listed companies which meet					
	SET's criteria for delisting and are in					
	default on debt instruments	96	672	8	16	(744)
3.	Companies whose ability to					
	continue as a going concern is					
	uncertain, or unlisted companies					
	whose financial position and					
	operating results are the same as					
	companies which meet					
	SET's criteria for delisting	1,199	<u>669</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>334</u>	(1,499)
	Total	<u>1,296</u>	<u>1,472</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>350</u>	(2,375)

The Bank has provided an allowance for impairment in value of these investments which is reflected in the statement of income.

Investments in debt instruments of closed financial institutions with a total carrying value of Baht 137 million were exchanged for certificates of deposit with total face value of Baht 139 million issued by Krung Thai Bank Public Company Limited on behalf of Financial Institutions Development Fund. The maturity date of these certificates of deposit is five years and interest is payable annually at a fixed rate of 2% per annum. The fair value of the certificates of deposit on the date of exchange amounted to Baht 91 million. These certificates of deposits were redeemed on April 4, 2003.

(Million Baht)

Investments in ordinary share of subsidiaries and associated companies are as follows:

September 30. December 31. September 30. December 31. September 30. December 31. September 31. September 30. December 31. 2002 1,999 1,961 1,358 35 48 = 53 6 S 10 4 84 Equity method 2003 3,813 3,623 22 1,361 300 13 2 9 \$ 22 7 61 Investments The Bank 2002 5,998 5,000 1,700 9 25 21 Cost method 2003 5,998 5,000 1,700 237 21 35 48 48 53 2 Ξ 2002 Equity method 2003 22 22 13 4 2 6 4 19 Consolidated Investments 2002 25 7 Cost method 2003 S 9 7 %66.66 %66.66 %66.66 20.00% 99.93% 99.92% 99.84% %66.66 %66'66 %86'66 %16.66 %66'66 2002 % Shareholding %66'66 99.84% %66.66 %66.66 %66.66 %86.66 99.97% 99.93% 99.92% %66.66 %66.66 %66.66 2003 Asset Management Asset Management Type of Business Development Property Lending Service Service Service Service Service Service Service Service Ploy Asset Management Co., Ltd. Progress Facilities Management Progress Management Co., Ltd. Progress Land and Buildings Kasikorn Factoring Co., Ltd. Progress Appraisal Co., Ltd. Phethai Asset Management Progress Services Co., Ltd. Kasikorn Research Center Progress Storage Co., Ltd. Progress Plus Co., Ltd. Kanpai Co., Ltd. Co., Ltd. Co., Ltd. Co., Ltd. Co., Ltd.

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				-	Conse	Consolidated			The Bank	ank	
					Inves	Investments			Investments	ents	
	Type of Business	% Share	% Shareholding	Costr	Cost method	Equity	Equity method	Cost method	thod	Equity method	ethod
		September 30.	September 30. December 31.	September 30,	December 31.	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	December 31.	September 30,	December 31,
		2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002
Kasikom Asset	Mutual Fund										•
Management Co., Ltd.	Management	71.42%	71.42%	ı	•	•	•	683	683	209	648
Progress Software Co., Ltd.	Service	%00.09	%00.09	9	9	31	29	9	9	31	29
Thai Administration Services											
Co., Ltd	.Service	51.00%	51.00%	51	51	09	19	51	51	09	61
Merrill Lynch Phatra Securities											
Co., Ltd	Securities	49.00%	49.00%	1,935	1,935	1,390	1,476	1,935	1,935	1,390	1,476
Processing Center Co., Ltd.	.Service	30.00%	30.00%	ю	ж	140	127	3	3	140	127
N.C. Associate Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing	28.23%	28.23%	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Rural Capital Partners Co., Ltd.	Venture Capital	27.50%	27.50%	2	2	ю	æ	2	2	3	3
Progress Information Co., Ltd.	Service	20.00%	20.00%	4	14	4	4	14	14	4	4
M. Grand Hotel Co., Ltd.	Hotel	20.00%	20.00%	355	355	190	203	355	355	190	203
E.S. Industries Co., Ltd.											
(allowance for diminution in											
value has been fully provided)	Industry	20.00%	20.00%	П	11	П	Ħ	7	Ħ	Ħ	n
Total				2,427	2,452	2,045	2,138	16,045	15,833	11,749	8,104
Less Allowance for impairment				(1,425)	(1,443)	(773)	(858)	(4,376)	(4,394)	(273)	(858)
Investments in subsidiaries and associated companies - net	s - net			1,002	1,009	1,272	1,280	11,669	11,439	10.976	7,246

The recording of investments in subsidiaries and associated companies using the equity method in the financial statements is based on financial information obtained from financial statements audited or reviewed in accordance with standards established by The Institute of Certified Accountants and Auditors of Thailand and from management information has not been audited or reviewed by the auditors in accordance with standards established by The Institute of Certified Accountants and Auditors of Thailand.

Investments held by the Bank and its subsidiaries, that comprise less than 10% of those companies' shares and not investments in subsidiaries and associated companies, classified by industry are as follows:

(Million Baht)

	Con	<u>solidated</u>	The	<u>Bank</u>
	September 30, 2003	3 <u>December 31, 2002</u>	<u>September 30, 2003</u>	December 31, 2002
Manufacturing and commerce	285	317	285	317
Property development and construction	1,254	1,094	1,254	1,094
Infrastructure and services	6	7	1	1
Others	433	_570	_433	_570
Total	<u>1,978</u>	<u>1,988</u>	<u>1,973</u>	<u>1,982</u>

The financial position and results of operations of its subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements are set out below:

Phethai Asset Management Company Limited

(Formerly: Thonburi Asset Management Company Limited)

Condensed Balance Sheets

	Thouse	and Baht
	September 30, 2003	December 31, 2002
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	(Reviewed)	
ASSETS		
Cash and deposits at financial institutions	151,311	317,363
Investments in receivables – net	10,380,245	18,320,106
Loans, accounts receivable and accrued interests - net	6,487,897	-
Properties foreclosed – net	390,654	383,867
Equipment – net	20,854	21,404
Other assets – net	30,367	13,370
Total Assets	17,461,328	19,056,110
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Liabilities		
Borrowings from financial institutions	13,500,000	16,850,000
Other liabilities	147,866	244,727
Shareholders' Equity	3,813,462	1,961,383
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	17,461,328	19,056,110

Phethai Asset Management Company Limited

(Formerly: Thonburi Asset Management Company Limited)

Condensed Statements of Income

(Unaudited)

	Thousand Baht			
	For the Three-l	For the Three-Month Periods		Month Periods
	Ended September 30.		Ended September 30,	
	2003	<u>2002</u>	2003	2002
Interest income	342,226	466,588	736,479	1,198,089
Interest expense	39.933	_94,170	<u>171,790</u>	310.826
Net income from interest	302,293	372,418	564,689	887,263
Bad debt and doubtful accounts (reversal)	(153,195)	• .	165,195	-
Loss on debt restructuring	643,453	<u>173,730</u>	841,949	560,117
Net income (expense) from interest after bad debt and				
doubtful accounts and loss on debt restructuring	(187,965)	198,688	(442,455)	327,146
Non-interest income	801,702	(73,891)	2,671,618	13,830
Non-interest expense	152,078	231,359	377,085	695,718
Net income (loss)	<u>461,659</u>	<u>(106,562)</u>	<u>1,852,078</u>	(354,742)
Earnings (loss) per share (Baht)	0.77	(0.18)	3.09	(0.59)

Phethai Asset Management Company Limited

(Formerly: Thonburi Asset Management Company Limited)

Statements of Cash Flows

For the Nine-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2003 and 2002

(Unaudited)

	Thousand Baht	
	2003	<u>2002</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income (loss)	1,852,078	(354,742)
Add (less) Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash		
from operating activities		
Gain on investments in securities	(414)	(141)
Gain on transfer of financial assets	(2,398,995)	-
(Reversal) loss on impairment of investments in receivables	(6,661)	71,698
Loss on debt restructuring	841,949	560,118
Interest income from amortization of revaluation allowance for debt restructuring	(526,008)	(143,669)
Bad debt and doubtful accounts	165,195	•
(Reversal) loss on impairment of properties foreclosed	(20,243)	32,796
Depreciation and amortization	3,746	24,183
(Reversal) loss on impairment of other assets	(79,050)	135,058
(Decrease) increase in accrued interest payables	(25,817)	19,370
(Decrease) increase in other accrued expenses	(48,356)	1,288
(Loss) income from operations before changes		
in operating assets and liabilities	(242,576)	345,959
(Increase) decrease in operating assets		
Investments in receivables	1,437,375	2,272,565
Loan and accounts receivable	1,724,083	-
Properties foreclosed	228,481	172,824
Other assets	62,053	(137,048)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities		
Other liabilities	(22,686)	4,166
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	<u>3,186,730</u>	2,658,466
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from disposal of long-term investments	414	464
Purchases of equipment	(3.196)	(3,508)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	_(2,782)	(3,044)

Phethai Asset Management Company Limited

(Formerly: Thonburi Asset Management Company Limited)

Statements of Cash Flows

For the Nine-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2003 and 2002 $\,$

(Unaudited)

Thousand Baht	
2003	2002
(3,350,000)	(2,620,000)
(3,350,000)	(2,620,000)
(166,052)	35,422
<u>317,363</u>	118,218
<u> 151,311</u>	<u>153,640</u>
197,608	291,455
109	1,861
	2003 (3,350,000) (3,350,000) (166,052) 317,363 151,311

(Formerly: Chantaburi Asset Management Company Limited)

Condensed Balance Sheets

	Thousand Baht		
	September 30, 2003	December 31, 2002	
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	
	(Reviewed)		
ASSETS			
Cash and deposits at financial institutions	138,571	153,063	
Investments – net	262,135	207,002	
Investments in receivables – net	3,650,149	11,268,894	
Loans, accounts receivable and accrued interest receivables - net	6,693,198	-	
Properties foreclosed - net	2,511,818	2,780,831	
Leasehold improvement and equipment – net	3,158	4,881	
Other assets – net	29,874	19,887	
Total Assets	13,288,903	14,434,558	
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Liabilities			
Borrowings from financial institutions	9,600,000	12,370,000	
Other liabilities	65,449	66,037	
Shareholders' Equity	3,623,454	1,998,521	
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	13,288,903	14,434,558	

(Formerly: Chantaburi Asset Management Company Limited)

Condensed Statements of Income

(Unaudited)

	Thousand Baht				
	For the Three-I	For the Three-Month Periods Ended September 30,		For the Nine-Month Periods	
	Ended Sept			ptember 30,	
	2003	2002	2003	<u>2002</u>	
Interest income	201,607	611,824	702,523	1,243,920	
Interest expense	30,931	71,665	122,966	238,216	
Net income from interest	170,676	540,159	579,557	1,005,704	
Bad debt and doubtful accounts	38,823	-	667,464	•	
Loss on debt restructuring	330,744	429,481	488,249	873,790	
Net income (expenses) from interest after bad debt and					
doubtful accounts and loss on debt restructuring	(198,891)	110,678	(576,156)	131,914	
Non-interest income	(891,312)	(150,813)	2,303,516	569,361	
Non-interest expense	63,349	16,888	119,251	167,016	
Net (loss) income	(1,153,552)	(57,023)	1,608,109	534,259	
(Loss) earnings per share (Baht)	(2.31)	(0.11)	3.22	1.07	



(Formerly: Chantaburi Asset Management Company Limited)

Statements of Cash Flows

For the Nine-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2003 and 2002

(Unaudited)

	Thousand Baht	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2003	2002
Net income		
Add (less) Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities	1,608,109	534,259
Gain on investments in securities	(37,011)	(8,840)
Amortization of premium on bond	12	12
Gain on transfer of financial assets	(2,735,915)	•
Bad debt and doubtful accounts	667,464	-
Loss on impairment of investments in receivables	699,229	137,192
Loss on debt restructuring	488,249	873,790
Interest income from amortization of revaluation allowance for debt restructuring	(461,150)	(90,352)
(Reversal) loss on impairment of properties foreclosed	(1,470)	6,398
Depreciation	1,446	1,592
Amortization of deferred charges		3,020
Reversal of loss on impairment of other assets	(5,465)	(2,358)
Gain on disposal of equipments	(1,009)	(556)
Increase in accrued interest receivables	(7)	-
(Decrease) increase in accrued interest payables	(3,540)	1,906
Decrease in other accrued expenses	(26,329)	(4,100)
Income from operations before changes in operating assets and liabilities	192,613	1,451,963
(Increase) decrease in operating assets		
Investments in receivables	1,189,004	1,382,431
Loans, accounts receivable and accrued interest receivables	468,229	•
Properties foreclosed	879,301	283,467
Other assets	(4,515)	5,549
Increase in operating liabilities		
Other liabilities	29,281	9,570
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	2,753,913	3,132,980
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from disposal of long-term investments	6,1897	39,236
Proceeds from disposal of equipments	1,291	1,043
Purchases of investments	(5,877)	•
Purchases of equipment	(6)	(196)
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	1,595	40,083

(Formerly: Chantaburi Asset Management Company Limited)

Statements of Cash Flows

For the Nine-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2003 and 2002

(Unaudited)

	Thousand Baht	
	2003	2002
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Decrease in borrowings from bank	(2,770,000)	(3,210,000)
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities	(2,770,000)	(3,210,000)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(14,492)	(36,937)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	<u> 153,063</u>	105,154
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	<u>138,571</u>	<u>68,217</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOWS INFORMATION		
Cash paid during the period		
Interest expense	126,505	236,310
Income tax	8,277	2,793

Progress Land and Buildings Company Limited

Condensed Balance Sheets

	Thousand Baht		
	September 30, 2003	December 31, 2002	
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	
	(Reviewed)		
ASSETS			
Cash in hand and at bank	298,840	127,937	
Other current assets	4,604	6,203	
Properties foreclosed – net	713,793	854,701	
Premises and equipment – net	363,912	381,363	
Other assets	122	129	
Total Assets	1,381,271	1,370,333	
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Liabilities	20,617	10,002	
Shareholders' equity	1,360,654	1,360,331	
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	<u>1,381,271</u>	1,370,333	

Progress Land and Buildings Company Limited

Condensed Statements of Income

(Unaudited)

(Reviewed)

		Thousand Baht					
	For the Three-M	Ionth Periods	For the Nine-Month Perio				
	Ended Septe	ember 30,	Ended September 30.				
	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	2003	<u>2002</u>			
Revenues	16,274	9,093	34,031	30,683			
Expenses	<u>16,994</u>	<u>8.314</u>	34,130	<u>25,207</u>			
Net (loss) income	<u>(720)</u>	<u>779</u>	<u>(99)</u>	<u>_5,476</u>			
(Loss) earnings per share (Baht)	(0.04)	<u>0.04</u>	0.00	<u>0.27</u>			

Kasikorn Asset Management Company Limited

(Formerly: Thai Farmers Asset Management Company Limited)

Condensed Balance Sheets

	Thousand Baht		
	<u>September 30, 2003</u>	December 31, 2002	
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	
	(Reviewd)		
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	95,192	75,900	
Investments – net	489,772	584,648	
Fee receivables	65,392	62,748	
Properties foreclosed – net	1,373	1,373	
Premises and equipment – net	180,937	185,614	
Other assets	416,354	453,683	
Total Assets	<u>1,249,020</u>	1,363,966	
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Liabilities	51,576	67,205	
Shareholders' Equity	1,197,444	1,296,761	
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	<u>1,249,020</u>	1,363,966	

Kasikorn Asset Management Company Limited

(Formerly: Thai Farmers Asset Management Company Limited)

Condensed Statements of Income

(Unaudited)

(Reviewed)

		Thousand Baht					
	For the Three-M	Ionth Periods	For the Nine-Month Period				
	Ended Septe	ember 30.	Ended September 30,				
	2003	2002	2003	2002			
Revenues	122,640	99,010	326,916	325,866			
Expenses	94,888	80,861	260,592	251,600			
Net income	<u>27,752</u>	<u> 18,149</u>	66,324	<u>_74,266</u>			
Earnings per share (Baht)	1.02	_0.66	2.44	2.73			

Kasikorn Factoring Company Limited

(Formerly: Thai Farmers Heller Factoring Company Limited)

Condensed Balance Sheets

	Thousand Baht		
	<u>September 30, 2003</u>	December 31, 2002	
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	
	(Reviewed)		
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash in hand and at banks	8,740	19,551	
Current portion of factoring receivables - net	1,769,248	1,730,818	
Current portion of finance lease receivables - net	162,555	191,272	
Current portion of hire purchases receivables - net	-	987	
Other current assets	13,512	19,231	
Non-Current Assets			
Finance lease receivables - net	131,729	194,800	
Other non-current assets	38,805	11,629	
Total Assets	<u>2,124,589</u>	<u>2,168,288</u>	
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Liabilities			
Loans from banks	955,000	1,520,000	
Accounts payable	8,594	3,107	
Current portion of factoring payables	395,836	350,743	
Other liabilities	477,013	75,285	
Shareholders' Equity	288,146	219,153	
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	2,124,589	2,168,288	

Kasikorn Factoring Company Limited

(Formerly: Thai Farmers Heller Factoring Company Limited)

Condensed Statements of Income

(Unaudited)

	Thousand Baht					
	For the Three	-Month Periods	For the Nine-	Month Periods		
	Ended Seg	otember 30,	Ended September 30,			
	<u>2003</u> <u>2002</u>		2003	<u>2002</u>		
	(Reviewed)	(Unreviewed)	(Reviewed)	(Unreviewed)		
Revenues	53,489	50,501	156,714	138,008		
Expenses	<u>38,313</u>	36,689	113,778	101,917		
Net income	<u>15,176</u>	<u>13,812</u>	42,936	<u>36,091</u>		
Earnings per share (Baht)	<u>9.49</u>	<u>8.64</u>	<u>26.84</u>	22.56		

The summary of financial position and results of operations of its subsidiaries which are not included in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

(Million Baht)

Balance Sheets

	Sep	September 30, 2003			December 31, 2002		
		(Unaudited)		(Audited)			
		(Reviewed)					
	Total	Total	Shareholders'	Total	Total	Shareholders'	
	<u>Assets</u>	Liabilities	Equity	<u>Assets</u>	Liabilities	Equity	
Kasikorn Research Center Co., Ltd.	23	1	22	36	1	35	
Kanpai Co., Ltd.	88	26	62	82	33	49	
Progress Plus Co., Ltd.	46	24	22	46	34	12	
Progress Facilities Management Co., Ltd.	16	3	13	11	2	9	
Progress Services Co., Ltd.	16	2	14	7	2	5	
Progress Management Co., Ltd.	17	7	10	14	4	10	
Progress Storage Co., Ltd.	10	1	9	4	-	4	
Progress Appraisal Co., Ltd.	76	12	64	55	7	48	
Progress Software Co., Ltd.	63	10	53	58	8	50	
Thai Administration Services Co., Ltd.	<u>137</u>	_19	<u>118</u>	<u>151</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>120</u>	
	<u>492</u>	105	<u>387</u>	<u>464</u>	<u>122</u>	<u>342</u>	

Statements of Income

For the Three-Month Periods Ended September 30.

(Unaudited)

(Reviewed)

	2003			2002				
				Earnings				Earnings
·			Net	per			Net	(Loss) per
	Revenues	Expenses	Income	Share(Baht)	Revenues	Expenses	<u>Income</u>	Share(Baht)
Kasikorn Research Center Co., Ltd.	11	10	1	7.46	9	9	-	(0.45)
Kanpai Co., Ltd.	39	31	8	36.99	29	26	3	16.24
Progress Plus Co., Ltd.	116	112	4	20.73	51	49	2	5.68
Progress Facilities Management Co., Ltd.	13	12	1	16.57	44	43	1	8.95
Progress Services Co., Ltd.	34	31	3	138.25	23	23	-	13.28
Progress Management Co., Ltd.	8	8	-	4.62	6	6	-	(0.91)
Progress Storage Co., Ltd.	5	3	2	56.00	2	2	-	(5.25)
Progress Appraisal Co., Ltd.	36	28	8	1,482.07	30	24	6	1,364.22
Progress Software Co., Ltd.	19	17	2	17.10	19	16	3	33.85
Thai Administration Services Co., Ltd.	_23	_20	_3	0.39	_24	_14	<u>10</u>	1.02
	<u>304</u>	<u>272</u>	<u>32</u>		<u>237</u>	<u>212</u>	25	

(Million Baht)

Statements of Income

For the Nine-Month Periods Ended September 30,

(Unaudited)

(Reviewed)

	2003			2002				
				Earnings				Earnings
			Net	Per			Net	(Loss) per
	Revenues	Expenses	Income	Share(Baht)	Revenues	Expenses	Income	Share(Baht)
Kasikorn Research Center Co., Ltd.	38	34	4	39.89	29	30	(1)	(6.85)
Kanpai Co., Ltd.	115	99	16	78.36	87	78	9	44.72
Progress Plus Co., Ltd.	272	260	12	53.73	134	130	4	15.25
Progress Facilities Management Co., Ltd.	40	36	4	79.92	134	133	1	32.93
Progress Services Co., Ltd.	99	90	9	437.09	70	70	-	2.01
Progress Management Co., Ltd.	23	22	1	15.00	16	15	1	16.16
Progress Storage Co., Ltd.	14	9	5	164.22	2	2	-	(10.57)
Progress Appraisal Co., Ltd.	88	71	17	3,344.94	66	56	10	1,924.94
Progress Software Co., Ltd.	68	55	13	129.82	64	50	14	136.60
Thai Administration Services Co., Ltd.	_65	<u>49</u>	<u>16</u>	1.65	_64	_36	<u>28</u>	2.85
	822	<u>725</u>	<u>97</u>		<u>666</u>	<u>600</u>	<u>66</u>	

6 LOANS AND ACCRUED INTEREST RECEIVABLES

Loans and accrued interest receivables classified by account status consisted of:

(Million Baht)

Consolidated

Septem	L ~=	20	20	ഹാ
Sentem	ner	.1U.	ZU	IU.5

	Loans and Outstanding Debt		% Used for	
	Accrued Interest	after Deduction of	Providing	Providing
	Receivables	Collateral Value	The Provision	Amounts
Normal	401,364	126,191	1	4,014
Special Mention	15,828	3,365	2	317
Sub-Standard	5,019	1,197	20	239
Doubtful	9,014	2,368	50	1,184
Loss	94,395	39,882	100	39,882
Allowance established in				
excess of BOT regulations	-			18,380
	525,620	173,003		64,016
Kasikorn Factoring Co.,Ltd.	1,684	1,640		72
Unearned discounts received				
in advance	(150)	(150)		<u>·</u>
Total	<u>527.154</u>	<u>174,493</u>		64,088
				(Million Baht)

Consolidated

December 31, 2002

	Loans and Outstanding Deb		% Used for	
	Accrued Interest	after Deduction of	Providing	Providing
	Receivables	Collateral Value	The Provision	Amounts
Normal	372,216	97,040	1	3,722
Special Mention	12,415	1,776	2	248
Sub-Standard	4,498	1,272	20	255
Doubtful	12,032	3,988	50	1,994
Loss	108,627	43,983	100	43,983
Allowance established in				
excess of BOT regulations				26,748
	509,788	148,059		<u>76,950</u>
Unearned discounts received				
in advance	<u>(175)</u>	(175)		
Total	<u>509,613</u>	<u>147,884</u>		

The Bank

September 30, 2003

	Loans and	Outstanding Debt	% Used for	
	Accrued Interest	after Deduction of	Providing	Providing
	<u>Receivables</u>	Collateral Value	The Provision	<u>Amounts</u>
Normal	412,657	143,255	1	4,127
Special Mention	14,619	2,817	2	292
Sub-Standard	5,019	1,197	20	239
Doubtful	9,014	2,368	50	1,184
Loss	65,241	26,700	100	26,700
Allowance established in				
excess of BOT regulations				13,630
	506,550	176,337		<u>46,172</u>
Unearned discounts received				
in advance	(150)	(150)		
Total	<u>506,400</u>	<u>176,187</u>		

(Million Baht)

The Bank

December 31, 2002

	Loans and	Outstanding Debt	% Used for	
	Accrued Interest	after Deduction of	Providing	Providing
	Receivables	Collateral Value	The Provision	<u>Amounts</u>
Normal	395,069	124,640	1	3,950
Special Mention	11,456	1,667	2	229
Sub-Standard	4,498	1,272	20	255
Doubtful	12,032	3,988	50	1,994
Loss	75,579	28,606	100	28,606
Allowance established in				
excess of BOT regulations				<u>19,886</u>
	498,634	160,173		<u>54,920</u>
Unearned discounts received				
in advance	(175)	(175)		
Total	<u>498,459</u>	<u>159,998</u>		



Non-performing loans (NPL)

According to the BoT's directive dated January 16, 2003, non-performing loans (NPL) is redefined as sub-quality loans, being outstanding loans of sub-standard, doubtful and loss loan accounts in accordance with the BoT's guidelines including fully - provisioned loss loans which were previously written - off and effective for the financial statements ended December 31, 2002.

Non-performing loans (including financial institutions) based on the above directive were summarized as follows:

(Million Baht)

	September 30, 2003						
		Phethai - AMC					
	The Bank	(Original principals)	Ploy - AMC	<u>AMC</u>			
Non-performing loans	79,495	26,443	1,549	107,487			
Total loans used for NPL ratio			•				
calculation (1)	507,806	32,455	9,073	525,284			
Percentage of total loans	15.65	81.48	17.07	20.46			
				(Million Baht)			
		<u>De</u>	cember 31, 2002				
			Phethai - AMC	The Bank and			
	· ·	The Bank	(Original principals)	<u>AMC</u>			
Non-performing loans		92,482	31,581	124,063			
Total loans used for NPL ratio cal	culation (1)	500,890	38,898	510,568			
Percentage of total loans		18.46	81.19	24.30			

⁽¹⁾ Total loans used for NPL ratio calculation are loans to general customers as presented in the balance sheet and loans to financial institutions as included in interbank and money market items.

Non-accrual loans (including financial institutions) were as follows:

(Million Baht)

September 30, 2003

		Phethai - AMC			The Bank and
	The Bank	(Original principals)	Ploy - AMC	Factoring	<u>Subsidiaries</u>
Non-accrual loans	125,461	32,455	9,073	61	167,050
Total loans used for ratio					
calculation	507,806	32,455	9,073	1,684	526,968
Percentage of total loans	24.71	100.00	100.00	3.62	31.70

AV

December 31, 2002

		Phethai - AMC	The Bank and
	The Bank	(Original principals)	<u>Subsidiaries</u>
Non-accrual loans	146,714	38,898	185,612
Percentage of total loans	29.29	100.00	36.35

Loans to listed companies which meet SET's criteria for delisting were as follows:

(Million Baht)

Consolidated

	Sep	otember 30, 2	003	December 31, 2002			
	Loans and	Loans and		Loans and		Allowance	
	Accrued		for	Accrued		for	
	Interest	Collateral	Doubtful	Interest	Collateral	Doubtful	
	Receivables	<u>Value</u>	Accounts	Receivables	<u>Value</u>	Accounts	
Listed companies which							
meet SET's							
criteria for delisting	<u>1,513</u>	<u>633</u>	<u>65</u>	<u>1,875</u>	1,174	<u>504</u>	
	(Million Baht						

The Bank

	<u>Ser</u>	otember 30, 2	003	<u>Dcember 31, 2002</u>		
	Loans and	Loans and		Loans and		Allowance
	Accrued		for	Accrued		for
	Interest	Collateral	Doubtful Interest		Collateral	Doubtful
	Receivables	<u>Value</u>	Accounts	Receivables	<u>Value</u>	Accounts
Listed companies						
meet SET's						
criteria for delisting	<u>1,494</u>	<u>534</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>1,834</u>	<u>1,073</u>	<u>483</u>

The outstanding balances of loans to the Bank's wholly owned subsidiaries are as follows:

(Million Baht)

September 30, 2003

	Type of loans	<u>Maturity</u>	Interest rate	Amount
Phethai Asset Management Co., Ltd.	Bills	3 Months	3-Month Fixed Deposit	13,500
Ploy Asset Management Co., Ltd.	Bills	3 Months	3-Month Fixed Deposit	9,600
Kasikorn Factoring Co., Ltd.	Bills	2-6 Months	Money market Rate+2%	550
	Loans	3 Years	Fixed Rate	400



December 31, 2002

	Type of loans	Maturity	Interest rate	<u>Amount</u>
Phethai Asset Management Co., Ltd.	Bills	3 Months	3-Month Fixed Deposit	16,850
Ploy Asset Management Co., Ltd.	Bills	3 Months	3-Month Fixed Deposit	12,370

Transferring of Sub-Standard Quality Assets to Thai Assets Management Corporation (TAMC)

In accordance with Emergency Decree on the Thai Assets Management Corporation B.E. 2544, on October 12, 2001, the Bank signed an Asset Transfer Agreement with TAMC to transfer eligible sub-standard quality assets outstanding as of December 31, 2000 to TAMC. All rights and duties associated with each transferred sub-standard quality asset were transferred to TAMC at a price determined by the appraised value of the underlying collateral assets, provided that the price does not exceed the book value of credits extend, less existing provisions outstanding, as required by law on the transfer date. TAMC has 180 days from the date of each transfer to examine any transferred assets. TAMC will then quote the transfer price within seven days after the end of the examination period. After confirming the price, TAMC will issue non-transferable 10-year callable promissory notes guaranteed by FIDF. The note will bear interest equal to the weighted average of deposit rates of five major banks, which will be paid at the end of each year by means of a non-transferable, extendable 1-year promissory notes, guaranteed by FIDF. The rights to these notes and the receive notes are included within investments in held-to-maturity debt instruments.

In accordance with the Emergency Decree on the Thai Assets Management Corporation, (B.E.2544), and the Asset Transfer Agreement, TAMC and the Bank will share jointly the profits and responsibility for any losses on transferred assets, which are payable on the fifth and the tenth anniversaries of the transfers, starting from July 1, 2001. In the case of losses, the Bank will first be responsible for any loss, not exceeding 20% of the transfer price. The second portion of losses, again not exceeding 20% of the transfer price, will be equally shared by TAMC and the Bank. Any remaining loss would then be absorbed by TAMC. In addition, expenses of TAMC are included in the calculation of gain or loss sharing. In the case of profit, the first portion of profits up to 20% of transfer price is to be shared equally by TAMC and the Bank. Should there be any profit over and above this, the Bank is entitled to the remainder up to the gross book value of the assets, less the transfer price and the Bank's share in the first portion of the profits.

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2003 and 2002 the Bank transferred to TAMC sub-quality assets relating to 10 borrowers and 43 borrowers with a gross book value (as of their transfer dates) of Baht 120 million and Baht 2,199 million, respectively (up to September 30, 2003 totaling Baht 14,506 million). The estimated total transfer price was Baht 62 million and Baht 794 million (up to September 30, 2003 totaling Baht 10,171 million). As of September 30, 2003, the Bank received promissory notes from TAMC of Baht 10,055 million and TAMC is examining the remaining assets of Baht 116 million and will confirm the transfer price in order to issue the note to the Bank within the aforementioned timeframe.



7 TROUBLED DEBT RESTRUCTURING

For the nine-month periods ended September 30, the Bank and its subsidiaries (Phethai - AMC and Ploy - AMC) engaged in debt restructuring contracts as follows:

(Million Baht)

	<u>Consolidated</u>					The Bank			
		2003		2002	2002		2003		
		Total Total			Total		Total		
		Outstanding		Outstanding		Outstanding		Outstanding	
		Debt Before		Debt Before		Debt Before		Debt Before	
	<u>Cases</u>	Restructuring	Cases	Restructuring	Cases	Restructuring	Cases	Restructuring	
Debt restructuring contracts									
that incurred losses	4,814	31,483	2,974	13,627	4,235	24,653	2,474	8,514	
Debt restructuring contracts									
that incurred no losses	13,272	<u>28,675</u>	19,088	<u>39,049</u>	12,858	<u>25,818</u>	16,811	32,407	
Total	18,086	60,158	<u>22,062</u>	<u>52,676</u>	<u>17,093</u>	<u>50,471</u>	<u>19,285</u>	40,921	

The following are debtors that resulted in losses on debt restructuring for the nine-month periods ended September 30,

(Million Baht)

Consolidated September 30, 2003

		The Outstanding Debt		Transferred Assets		
		<u>Before</u>	After			Loss on Debt
Types of Restructuring	Cases	Restructuring	Restructuring	<u>Types</u>	Fair Value	Restructuring
Transfers of assets	4,036	18,040	•	Cash, land,	11,900	6140
				premises		
				and investments		
Changes of repayment conditions	572	10,362	9,294	-	. •	2,527
	206	3,081	1,566	Cash, land,	1,202	746
Debt restructuring in various forms				premises		
				and investments		
Total	4.814	31.483	10.860		13.102	9.413

Loss on Debt

Transferred Assets

Consolidated

September 30, 2002

After

The Outstanding Debt

Before

Types of Restructuring	Cases	Restructuring	Restructuring	Types	Fair Value	Restructuring
Transfers of assets	2,526	5,164	-	Cash, land,	3,341	1,823
				premises		
				and investments		
Changes of repayment conditions	399	4,899	4,483	-	-	939
Debt restructuring in various forms	49	3,564	1,891	Cash, land,	918	1,354
			•	premises		
				and investments		
Total	<u>2,974</u>	<u>13,627</u>	<u>6,374</u>		<u>4,259</u>	<u>4,116</u>
					. (N	fillion Baht)
			Consolidated			
		<u>Se</u>	ptember 30, 200	2		
		The Outstan	ding Debt	Transferred	l Assets	
		Before	<u>After</u>			Loss on Debt
Types of Restructuring	Cases	Restructuring	Restructuring	<u>Types</u>	Fair Value	Restructuring
Transfers of assets	3,867	16,337	-	Cash, land,	10,560	5,777
				premises		
				and investments		
Changes of repayment conditions	172	5,487	5,025	-		1,685
Debt restructuring in various forms	196	2,829	1,515	Cash, land,	1,113	633
				premises		
				and investments		
Total	<u>4.235</u>	<u>24,653</u>	<u>6,540</u>		<u>11.673</u>	<u>8,095</u>

The Bank
September 30, 2002

		The Outstanding Debt		Transferred		
		<u>B</u> efore	<u>After</u>			Loss on Debt
Types of Restructuring	Cases	Restructuring	Restructuring	Types	Fair Value	Restructuring
Transfers of assets	2,257	4,276	-	Cash, land,		1,652
				premises		
				and investments		
Changes of repayment conditions	190	2,249	2,224	-	-	284
Debt restructuring in various forms	27	1,989	1,283	Cash, land,	456	746
				premises		
				and investments		-
Total	<u>2,474</u>	<u>8,514</u>	<u>3,507</u>		<u>3,080</u>	2,682

The Bank and its subsidiaries measure expected recoverable amounts of restructured loans by changing repayment conditions using present value of future cash flows discounted with market rate.

Terms of debt restructuring agreements of debtors which restructured by changing repayment conditions and restructured in various forms that resulted in losses on debt restructuring during the nine-month periods ended September 30, are as follows:

		The Bank								
			<u>2003</u>				2002			
		The Outstanding Debt				The Ou	tstanding Debt			
Terms of debt		Before	After	End of		Before	After	End of		
restructuring agreements	<u>Cases</u>	Restructuring	Restructuring	Period	Cases	Restructuring	Restructuring	<u>Period</u>		
Less than 5 years	335	3,411	2,328	1,616	157	1,641	925	763		
5 to 10 years	19	1,169	489	486	28	497	482	448		
Over 10 years	<u>14</u>	<u>3,736</u>	<u>3,723</u>	<u>3,701</u>	_32	2,100	2,100	2,051		
Total	<u>368</u>	<u>8,316</u>	<u>6,540</u>	<u>5,803</u>	<u>217</u>	<u>4,238</u>	<u>3,507</u>	<u>3,262</u>		

		Phethai - AMC				Plo	oy - AMC	
		The Outstanding Debt				The Ou	tstanding Debt	
Terms of debt		Before	After	End of		Before	After	End of
restructuring agreements	Cases	Restructuring	Restructuring	Period	Cases	Restructuring	Restructuring	Period
Less than 5 years	107	1,705	1,379	502	29	1,275	1,125	559
5 to 10 years	54	743	527	448	6	161	161	245
Over 10 years	<u>202</u>	<u>937</u>	823	<u>641</u>	<u>12</u>	305	<u>305</u>	<u>1,057</u>
Total	<u> 363</u>	<u>3,385</u>	2,729	<u>1,591</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>1.741</u>	<u>1,591</u>	<u>1,861</u>

The Bank and its subsidiaries recognized interest income from debt restructuring as follows:

(Million Baht)

	Consolidated					
	For the Three-I	Month Periods	For the Nine-Month Periods			
	Ended Sept	tember 30.	Ended Ser	otember 30.		
	2003	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	2002		
Debt restructuring contracts that incurred losses	944	343	2,239	1,086		

(Million Baht)

The Bank

	For the Three-	Month Periods	For the Nine-Month Periods		
	Ended Sep	tember 30.	Ended September 30.		
	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	
Debt restructuring contracts that incurred losses	322	217	995	758	

As of September 30, 2003 and December 31, 2002, the Bank had commitments to extend additional loans to these borrowers as follows:

(Million Baht)

Consolidated and The Bank

	September 30, 2003	December 31, 2002
Debt restructuring contracts that incurred losses	116	109

As of September 30, 2003 and December 31, 2002, the Bank and its subsidiaries had outstanding balances on debtors which were restructured during the period/year as follows:

	Consol	<u>idated</u>	The Bank		
	September 30, December 31,		September 30,	December 31.	
	2003	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	
Debt restructuring contracts that incurred losses	9,255	5,711	5,803	3,235	
Debt restructuring contracts that incurred no losses	21,475	30,716	18,794	<u>28,270</u>	
Total	<u>30,730</u>	<u>36,427</u>	<u>24,597</u>	<u>31,505</u>	

As of September 30, 2003 and December 31, 2002, the Bank and its subsidiaries had outstanding balances relating to all restructuring debtors which had been performing in accordance with debt restructuring agreements as follows:

(Million Baht)

	Consol	idated	The Bank		
	September 30,	December 31.	September 30.	December 31.	
	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	2003	2002	
Debt restructuring contracts that incurred losses	24,743	20,546	21,272	18,128	
Debt restructuring contracts that incurred no losses	<u>66,920</u>	81,698	<u>56,325</u>	73.877	
Total	<u>91,663</u>	102,244	<u>77,597</u>	<u>92,005</u>	

8 ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS

The movements in the allowance for doubtful accounts during the period/year are as follows:

(Million Baht)

Consolidated September 30, 2003

						Allowances	
						Established in	
		Special	Sub-			Excess of BoT	
•	Normal	Mention	Standard	<u>Doubtful</u>	Loss	Regulations	<u>Total</u>
Balance at beginning of the period	3,722	248	255	1,994	43,983	26,748	76,950
Transferred from investments in							
receivables	40	9	-	•	301	240	590
Doubtful accounts (reversal)	252	60	(16)	(810)	(19)	(8,656)	(9,189)
Bad debts recovered	-	•	-	-	1,229	-	1,229
Bad debts written off	-	-	-	-	(6,094)	•	(6,094)
Allowance for loans transferred to							
TAMC	-	-	-	-	(59)	•	(59)
Others		<u>-</u>			541	<u>48</u>	589
Balance at ended of the period	<u>4,014</u>	<u>317</u>	<u>239</u>	<u>1,184</u>	<u>39,882</u>	18,380	64,016
Kasikorn Factoring Co.,Ltd							<u>72</u>
Total							64,088

(Million Baht)

Consolidated December 31, 2002

						Allowances	
						Established in	
		Special	Sub-			Excess of BoT	,
	Normal	Mention	Standard	<u>Doubtful</u>	<u>Loss</u>	Regulations	Total
Balance at beginning of the year	3,562	223	685	3,411	17,798	25,647	51,326
Doubtful accounts (reversal)	160	25	(430)	(1,417)	(2,920)	1,101	(3,481)
Bad debts recovered	-	-	•	-	10,525	-	10,525
Bad debts written off	-	-	-	-	(4,570)	-	(4,570)
Reversal based on BoT policy	-	-	-	-	25,686	-	25,686
Allowances for loans transferred to							
TAMC	-	-	-	-	(1,418)	-	(1,418)
Others		•	•		(1,118)		(1,118)
Balance at ended of the year	3,722	<u>248</u>	<u>255</u>	<u>1,994</u>	<u>43,983</u>	<u>26,748</u>	<u>76,950</u>

The Bank September 30, 2003

						Allowances	
						Established in	
		Special	Sub-			Excess of BoT	
	<u>Normal</u>	Mention	Standard	<u>Doubtful</u>	Loss	Regulations	Total
Balance at beginning of the period	3,950	229	255	1,994	28,606	19,886	54,920
Doubtful accounts (reversal)	177	63	(16)	(810)	(773)	(6,256)	(7,615)
Bad debt recovered	-	-	-	•	1,229	-	1,229
Bad debt written off	-	-	-	-	(2,249)	-	(2,249)
Allowance for loans transferred to							
TAMC	-	-	-	-	(59)		(59)
Others			-		(54)		(54)
Balance at ended of the period	<u>4,127</u>	<u>292</u>	<u>239</u>	<u>1.184</u>	<u> 26,700</u>	<u>13,630</u>	<u>46,172</u>

The Bank December 31, 2002

						Allowances	
						Established in	
		Special	Sub-			Excess of BoT	
	<u>Normal</u>	Mention	Standard	<u>Doubtful</u>	Loss	Regulations	<u>Total</u>
Balance at beginning of the year	3,828	204	647	3,410	-	16,912	25,001
Doubtful accounts (reversals)	122	25	(392)	(1,416)	(5,039)	2,974	(3,726)
Bad debts recovered	•	-	-	-	10,525	•	10,525
Bad debts written off	-	-	-	-	(1,193)	-	(1,193)
Reversal based on BoT policy	-	-	-	-	25,686	-	25,686
Allowances for loans sold to							
TAMC	-	•	-	-	(1,418)	•	(1,418)
Others		<u>-</u>	<u>.</u>		<u>45</u>		<u>45</u>
Balance at ended of the year	<u>3,950</u>	<u>229</u>	<u>255</u>	<u>1,994</u>	<u> 28,606</u>	<u>19,886</u>	<u>54,920</u>

9 REVALUATION ALLOWANCE FOR DEBT RESTRUCTURING

The movements in the revaluation allowance for debt restructuring during the period/year were as follows:

(Million Baht)

	Consolidated		The I	<u>Bank</u>
	September 30, December 31,		September 30,	December 31,
	2003	2002	2003	<u>2002</u>
Balance at beginning of the period/year	2,755	3,781	2,647	3,699
Addition (reversal)	3,430	(393)	1,666	(625)
Change of classification	885	-	-	-
Amortization	(1,559)	(633)	<u>(571)</u>	<u>(427)</u>
Balance at end of the period/year	<u>5,511</u>	<u>2,755</u>	<u>3,742</u>	<u>2,647</u>

10 NORMALIZED PROVISIONING

The movements in the normalized provisioning during the period/year were as follows:

(Million Baht)

September 30, 2003	December 31, 2002
800	-

Consolidated and The Bank

Balance at beginning of the period/year	800	-
Addition	600	800
Balance at end of the period/year	1.400	800

11 CLASSIFIED ASSETS

Assets of the Bank and its subsidiaries classified as investments, loans and accrued interest receivables (including financial institutions), properties foreclosed and other assets were categorized by quality in compliance with the BoT's regulations, taking into account analysis of each loan and appraisal of the financial standing of each borrower, as follows:

(Million Baht)

Consolidated

September 30, 2003

		Loans and Accrued	Properties		•
	Investments	Interest Receivables	Foreclosed	Other Assets	<u>Total</u>
Normal	-	405,193	-	58	405,251
Special Mention	-	15,828	-	-	15,828
Sub-Standard	-	5,019	-	-	5,019
Doubtful	-	9,041	-	-	9,041
Loss	<u>6,106</u>	<u>95,018</u>	1.713	<u>1,530</u>	104,367
Total	<u>6,106</u>	530,099	<u>1,713</u>	<u>1,588</u>	<u>539,506</u>

(Million Baht)

Consolidated

December 31, 2002

		Loans and Accrued	Properties		
	Investments	Interest Receivables	Foreclosed	Other Assets	<u>Total</u>
Normal	-	375,755	-	9	375,764
Special Mention	-	12,415	•	-	12,415
Sub-Standard	-	4,498	-	-	4,498
Doubtful	-	12,032	•	-	12,032
Loss	<u>6,957</u>	109,280	2,024	<u>1,553</u>	119,814
Total	<u>6.957</u>	<u>513,980</u>	<u>2,024</u>	<u>1,562</u>	<u>524,523</u>

The Bank
September 30, 2003

		Loans and Accrued	Properties		
	Investments	Interest Receivables	Foreclosed	Other Assets	Total
Normal	-	414,864	-	-	414,864
Special Mention	-	14,619	-	-	14,619
Sub-Standard	-	5,019	-	-	5,019
Doubtful	-	9,014	-	-	9,014
Loss	4,073	<u>65,828</u>	1,501	<u>1,361</u>	72,763
Total	4,073	<u>509,344</u>	<u>1,501</u>	1,361	<u>516,279</u>

(Million Baht)

The Bank December 31, 2002

		Loans and Accrued	Properties		
	Investments	Interest Receivables	Foreclosed	Other Assets	<u>Total</u>
Normal	-	398,652	-	-	398,652
Special Mention	-	11,456	-	-	11,456
Sub-Standard	-	4,498	-	-	4,498
Doubtful	-	12,032	-	-	12,032
Loss	<u>4,843</u>	76,188	1.829	1,294	84,154
Total	4 843	502.826	1.829	1.294	510,792

12 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

Deferred tax assets consisted of:

(Million Baht)

Conso	1:4	-	~4
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	<u>September 30, 2003</u>	December 31, 2002
Allowance for impairment of investments	13	13
Allowance for impairment of buildings	1	1
Allowance for doubtful accounts	22	-
Adjustment from operating leases to financial leases	_5	-
Total	<u>41</u>	<u>14</u>

Deferred tax liabilities consisted of:

(Million Baht)

Consolidated and The Bank

	<u>September 30, 2003</u>	<u>December 31, 2002</u>
Appraisal surplus	2,686	2,729
Revaluation surplus on investments	<u>1,115</u>	<u>1,333</u>
Total	<u>3,801</u>	<u>4,062</u>

13 CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The ratios of capital to assets (Capital Adequacy Ratio) were calculated from the financial statements of the Bank and include the risk assets of the Bank's two subsidiary asset management companies as follows:

		(Willion Dailt)
	September 30, 2003	December 31, 2002
Tier 1 Capital		
Issued and fully paid up share capital, premiums on		
share capital, warrants and premiums on warrants	78,586	78,557
Legal reserves	800	800
Other reserves	26,675	26,675
Net loss after appropriation	(69,157)	(83,029)
Subordinated debentures cum preferred shares	<u> 19,967</u>	<u>19.967</u>
Total Tier 1 Capital	<u>56,871</u>	<u>42,970</u>
Tier 2 Capital		
Surplus on land revaluation	4,177	4,192
Surplus on premises revaluation	1,490	1,550
Surplus on marketable equity securities revaluation	277	•
Provision for normal assets	3,799	3,758
Subordinated debentures	16,325	20,561
Total Tier 2 Capital	<u> 26,068</u>	30,061
Total Capital Requirements	82,939	<u>73,031</u>

The BoT's regulations requires that banks registered in Thailand maintain a ratio of capital fund to assets and contigencies of not less than 8.5% and that tier 1 capital must not be less than 4.25% of such assets and contigencies. Capital adequacy ratios maintained by the Bank are as follows:

	Percentage		
	September 30, 2003	December 31, 2002	
Total Capital Requirements	15.64	14.34	
Tier 1 Capital	10.73	8.44	

14 INCOME TAX

Income tax consisted of:

(Million Baht)

(Million Baht)

	Consolidated				
	For the Three	-Month Periods	For the Nine-Month Period		
	Ended Sep	otember 30,	Ended September 30,		
	<u>2003</u> <u>2002</u>		<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	
Current income tax expense	36	8	63	32	
Deferred income tax expense relating to the					
origination and reversal of temporary					
difference	<u>(16)</u>	<u>(34)</u>	<u>(43)</u>	<u>(80)</u>	
Income tax expense	<u>20</u>	(26)	<u>20</u>	<u>(48)</u>	

The Bank

	For the Three-Month Periods		For the Nine-l	Month Periods
	Ended Seg	ptember 30,	Ended Sep	tember 30,
	2003	<u>2002</u>	2003	2002
Current income tax expense	-	-	-	-
Deferred income tax expense relating to the				
origination and reversal of temporary				
difference	<u>(19)</u>	(34)	(43)	<u>(80)</u>
Income tax expense	<u>(19)</u>	<u>(34)</u>	<u>(43)</u>	<u>(80)</u>

The Bank has deferred income tax which are transferred directly to shareholders' equity consisted of:

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	For the Three-	Month Periods	For the Nine-Month Periods	
	Ended Sep	tember 30,	Ended September 30	
	2003	<u>2002</u>	2003	2002
Deferred income tax relating to appraisal				
surplus revaluation decreased	(19)	(14)	(43)	(51)
Deferred income tax relating to the change				
in value of investment increased (decreased)	(279)	256	(218)	229



15 ASSETS PLEDGED AS COLLATERAL

Assets pledged as collateral consisted of:

(Million Baht)

	Consolidated	Consolidated and The Bank			
	September 30, 2003	December 31, 2002			
Government bonds	5	5			
State enterprise bonds	<u>28</u>	<u>28</u>			
Total	<u>33</u>	<u>33</u>			

The Bank has pledged these assets as collateral for electricity consumption and using as court collateral.

16 CONTINGENCIES

Contingencies consisted of:

	Consolidated					
		September 30, 2003			December 31, 2002	
	<u>Baht</u>	Foreign Currency	<u>Total</u>	Baht	Foreign Currency	<u>Total</u>
Aval of bills	352	-	352	261	-	261
Letters of indemnity-						
Borrowings	5,205	51	5,256	140	6,190	6,330
Other guarantees	3,416	27,004	30,420	24,706	3,955	28,661
Letters of credit	598	8,296	8,894	380	8,496	8,876
Exchange rate agreements						
Purchase agreements	469	52,705	53,174	-	48,819	48,819
Sale agreements	472	169,466	169,938	324	172,211	172,535
Interest rate agreements						
Purchase agreements	-	15,914	15,914	-	11,559	11,559
Sale agreements	-	15,914	15,914	-	11,559	11,559
Unused credit line of						
Overdraft	106,916	-	106,916	103,353	-	103,353
Others	133	2,803	2,936	<u>137</u>	6,125	6,262
Total	<u>117,561</u>	292,153	<u>409,714</u>	<u>129,301</u>	<u> 268,914</u>	398,215

The Bank

		September 30, 2003			December 31, 200	2
	Baht	Foreign Currenc	y <u>Total</u>	Baht	Foreign Currency	<u>Total</u>
Aval of bills	352	-	352	261	•	261
Letters of indemnity-						
Borrowings	5,205	51	5,256	140	6,190	6,330
Other guarantees	3,416	26,956	30,372	24,706	3,955	28,661
Letters of credit	598	8,296	8,894	380	8,496	8,876
Exchange rate agreements						
Purchase agreements	469	52,705	53,174	-	48,819	48,819
Sale agreements	472	169,466	169,938	324	172,211	172,535
Interest rate agreements						
Purchase agreements	-	15,914	15,914	-	11,559	11,559
Sale agreements	-	15,914	15,914	-	11,559	11,559
Unused credit line of						
Overdraft	106,916	-	106,916	103,353	-	103,353
Others	133	2,803	2,936	137	<u>6.125</u>	6,262
Total	<u>117,561</u>	<u>292,105</u>	<u>409,666</u>	<u>129,301</u>	<u> 268,914</u>	398,215

Under normal business operations, the Bank is a defendant in litigations against the Bank. These include cases of wrongful acts brought against the Bank, with total claims amounting to Baht 411 million and Baht 792 million as of September 30, 2003 and December 31, 2002, respectively. The Management believes that any liability resulting from these litigations will not be material to the Bank's financial position or on the results of operations.

17 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

 Loans and contingencies made to executive officers and to business entities where the Bank and its subsidiaries, their directors or executive officers, holds 10% or more of their paid-up capital, are summarized as follows:

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			Consone	lateu		
		<u>September 30, 2003</u>		Decemb	er 31, 2002	
		End of Period		End	of Year	
		<u>Loans</u>	Contingencies	<u>Loans</u>	Contingencies	
1.	Executive officers	21	-	24	-	
2.	Business entities where the Bank and subsidiaries,					
	their directors or executive officers,					
	hold 10% or more of the paid - up capital	1,529	<u>73</u>	2,530	<u>76</u>	
	Total	<u>1,550</u>	<u>73</u>	<u>2,554</u>	<u>76</u>	
					(Million Baht)	
			The Ba	an <u>k</u>		
		Septemb	per 30, 2003	December 31, 2002		
		End o	of Period	End of Year		
		<u>Loans</u>	Contingencies	<u>Loans</u>	Contingencies	
1.	Executive officers	21	-	24	•	
2.	Business entities where the Bank and subsidiaries,					
	their directors or executive officers,					
	hold 10% or more of the paid - up capital	25,586	<u>76</u>	31,750	<u>76</u>	
	Total	<u>25,607</u>	<u>76</u>	<u>31,774</u>	<u>76</u>	

2. Related Party

Relationships between the Bank and other business entities where control exists consisted of:

Company Name	Type of	% Shar	eholding	Type of share	Type of Business
	Relationship	September 30, 2003	December 31, 2002		
Phethai Asset Management					
Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	99.99%	99.99%	Ordinary share	Asset Management
Ploy Asset Management					
Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	99.99%	99.99%	Ordinary share	Asset Management
Kasikorn Research Center					
Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	99.99%	99.99%	Ordinary share	Service
Progress Land and Buildings					
Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	99.99%	99.99%	Ordinary share	Property Development
Kasikorn Factoring Co.,Ltd.	Subsidiary	99.99%	20.00%	Ordinary share	Lending
Kanpai Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	99.99%	99.99%	Ordinary share	Service
Progress Plus Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	99.99%	99.99%	Ordinary share	Service
Progress Facilities Management					
Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	99.98%	99.98%	Ordinary share	Service
Progress Services Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	99.97%	99.97%	Ordinary share	Service
Progress Management Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	99.93%	99.93%	Ordinary share	Service
Progress Storage Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	99.92%	99.92%	Ordinary share	Service
Progress Appraisal Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	99.84%	99.84%	Ordinary share	Service
Kasikorn Asset Management					Mutual Fund
Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	71.42%	71.42%	Ordinary share	Management
Progress Software Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	60.00%	60.00%	Ordinary share	Service
Thai Administration Services Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	51.00%	51.00%	Ordinary share	Service

3. Significant transactions occurring between the Bank and related parties are summarized as follows:

(Million Baht)

The Bank

	September 30, 2003	December 31, 2002
Loans		
Subsidiary Companies		
- Phethai Asset Management Co., Ltd.		
Beginning balance	16,850	20,600
Deductions	(3,350)	(3,750)
Ending balance	<u>13,500</u>	<u>16,850</u>
- Ploy Asset Management Co., Ltd.		
Beginning balance	12,370	16,380
Deductions	(2,770)	<u>(4,010)</u>
Ending balance	<u>9,600</u>	12,370
Accrued interest receivables		
Subsidiary Companies		
- Phethai Asset Management Co., Ltd.	19	56
- Ploy Asset Management Co., Ltd.	4	8
<u>Deposits</u>		
Subsidiary Companies		
- Phethai Asset Management Co., Ltd.	153	322
- Ploy Asset Management Co., Ltd.	139	153

(Million Baht)

The Bank

	For the Three-Month Periods		For the Nine-Month Periods		
	Ended Se	ptember 30.	Ended September 30		
Interest income	2003	<u>2002</u>	2003	2002	
Subsidiary Companies					
- Phethai Asset Management Co., Ltd.	40	94	172	311	
- Ploy Asset Management Co., Ltd.	31	72	123	238	

Loans to Phethai Asset Management Company Limited is 3-month bills with interest rate equals to the interest rate of a 3-month fixed deposit, on which deposits are pledged as collateral. As of September 30, 2003 and December 31, 2002, the pledged deposits are Baht 153 million and Baht 322 million, respectively.

Loans to Ploy Asset Management Company Limited is 3-month bills with interest rate equals to the interest rate of a 3-month fixed deposit, on which deposits are pledged as collateral. As of September 30, 2003 and December 31, 2002, the pledged deposits are Baht 139 million and Baht 153 million, respectively.

As of September 30, 2003 and December 31, 2002, the Bank has provided an allowance for doubtful accounts for Phethai Asset Management Company Limited, classified as normal loans, amounting to Baht 135 million and Baht 169 million, respectively.

As of September 30, 2003 and December 31, 2002, the Bank has provided an allowance for doubtful accounts for Ploy Asset Management Company Limited, classified as normal loans, amounting to Baht 96 million and Baht 124 million, respectively.

Income and expenses shared between the Bank, Phethai Asset Management Company Limited and Ploy Asset Management Company Limited are charged at cost, except for fee income which is charged at market price.

The Bank has provided an allowance for doubtful accounts for related business entities using the same method as for general customers and in accordance with the BoT regulations.

- 4. Additional transactions occurring between the Bank and related business entities, which are charged at market price as with other normal business, are as follows:
- Assets, liabilities and contingencies shared between the Bank, its subsidiary and associated companies are summarized as follows:

			(M	(illion Baht)
	Consol	idated	The Bank	
	September 30,	September 30. December 31.		December 31.
	2003	2002	2003	2002
<u>Loans</u>				
Subsidiary Companies				
- Kasikorn Factoring Co., Ltd.	-	70	950	70
Associated Companies				
- E. S. Industry Co., Ltd.	325	325	325	325
(As a result of reversal of loans and allowance				
for doubtful accounts in 2002)				

(Million Baht)

	Consol	<u>Consolidated</u>		The Bank	
	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	December 31,	
	2003	<u>2002</u>	2003	<u>2002</u>	
<u>Deposits</u>					
Subsidiary Companies					
- Kasikorn Research Center Co., Ltd.	16	31	16	31	
- Progress Appraisal Co., Ltd.	25	21	25	21	
- Progress Land and Buildings Co., Ltd.	-	•	300	128	
- Progress Software Co., Ltd.	30	34	30	34	
- Thai Administration Services Co., Ltd.	50	41	50	41	
- Progress Services Co., Ltd.	11	1	11	1	
- Kanpai Co., Ltd.	3	14	3	14	
- Progress Plus Co., Ltd.	4	13	4	13	
- Kasikorn Factoring Co., Ltd.	-	20	19	20	
Associated Companies					
- Processing Center Co., Ltd.	47	19	47	19	
Interbank and Money Market Items (Liabilities)					
Subsidiary Companies					
- Kasikorn Asset Management Co., Ltd.	-	-	34	4	
Associated Company					
- Merrill Lynch Phatra Securities Co., Ltd.	10	5	10	5	
Other Liabilities					
Subsidiary Companies					
- Progress Appraisal Co., Ltd.	10	6	10	6	
- Progress Software Co., Ltd.	24	20	24	20	
- Progress Plus Co., Ltd.	17	16	17	16	
Contingencies					
Subsidiary Company					
- Thai Administration Services Co., Ltd.	35	50	35	50	
Associated Companies					
- E.S. Industry Co., Ltd.	16	16	16	16	

Certain subsidiaries and associated companies have entered into 2-year building lease agreements. Rentals are charged at cost. As of September 30, 2003 and December 31, 2002, the Bank has rentals with remaining tenures amounting to Baht 1 Million and Baht 7 million, respectively.

2. Revenues and expenses occurring between the Bank, its subsidiary and associated companies are summarized as follows:

follows:					
				(Million Baht)	
	Consoli	Consolidated		The Bank	
	For the Three-N	10nth Periods	For the Three-	Month Periods	
	Ended Sept	ember 30,	Ended Ser	otember 30,	
	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	2003	<u>2002</u>	
Subsidiary Companies					
Revenues:					
Fee income	-	2	17	14	
Expenses:					
Other expenses	256	174	256	174	
Associated Companies					
Revenues:					
Dividend income	40	34	40	34	
Expenses:					
Other expenses	12	9	12	9	
				(Million Baht)	
	Consol	<u>idated</u>	<u>The</u>	Bank	
	For the Nine-M	Ionth Periods	For the Nine-Month Periods		
	Ended Sept	ember 30,	Ended September 30,		
	2003	2002	2003	2002	
Subsidiary Companies					
Revenues:					
Dividend income	25	-	143	65	
Fee income	-	2	44	37	
Expenses:					
Other expenses	697	492	697	492	
Associated Companies					
Revenues:					
Dividend income	73	67	73	67	

Expenses:

Other expenses

3. Assets, liabilities and contingencies shared between the Bank and other business entities in which the directors, key executive officers and close members of their families have significant influence were summarized as follows:

	Consolidated and The Bank			
	September 30, 2003	December 31, 2002		
Loans				
- T T & T Public Co., Ltd.	2,451	2,557		
- Siam Food Products Public Co.,Ltd.	4	51		
- Jutha Maritime Public Co., Ltd.	10	10		
- Indo Worth (Thailand) Ltd.	50	24		
- Charoen Pokhaphand Feedmill Public Co., Ltd.	107	3		
Deposits				
- Sermsuk Public Co., Ltd.	253	385		
- Sermsuk Y.H.S. Beverage Co., Ltd.	13	16		
- Com - Link Co., Ltd.	790	228		
- Muang Thai Life Assurance Co., Ltd.	6	234		
- Siam Food Products Public Co.,Ltd.	19	26		
- Mitsubishi Elevator Asia Co., Ltd.	79	86		
- Bangkok Glass Industry Co., Ltd.	50	65		
- Thai British Security Printing Ltd.	37	36		
- Punyariddhi Law Office Co.,Ltd.	10	15		
- T T & T Public Co., Ltd.	2,186	1,419		
- Muangthai Holding Co.,Ltd.	11	7		
- Siam Motors Parts Co.,Ltd.	15	8		
- Samart Corporation Public Company Limited	44	3		
Contingencies				
- Dole Thailand Ltd.	88	87		
- SermSuk Co., Ltd.	25	13		
- Com - Link Co., Ltd.	59	59		
- Thai British Security Printing Ltd.	27	21		
- Siam Food Products Public Co.,Ltd.	16	17		
- Yip in Tsoi & Jacks Ltd.	10	11		
- Bangkok Glass Industry Co., Ltd	150	-		

4. Assets, liabilities and contingencies shared between the Bank and its directors and key executive officers or the Bank's employees in which such persons have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Bank are summarized as follows:

(Million Baht)

445

Consolidated and The Bank

September 30, 2003 December 31, 2002 600

Deposits

18 LONG-TERM LEASE AGREEMENTS

1. Lease Agreement

The Bank and its subsidiary companies have entered into land/building lease agreements for branch offices and vehicle lease agreements. The Bank and its subsidiary companies were committed to pay future rentals which are summarized as follows:

(Million Baht)

			(
		<u>Consolidated</u>	The Bank
Type of Lease Agreement	Remaining of Period	September 30, 2003	September 30, 2003
Land/building lease agreements	October 1, 2003 - October 17, 2027	378	378
Vehicle lease agreements	October 1, 2003 - August 31, 2007	<u>447</u>	<u>425</u>
Total		<u>825</u>	<u>803</u>
			(Million Baht)
		Consolidated	The Bank
Type of Lease Agreement	Remaining of Period	September 30, 2003	September 30, 2003
Land/building lease agreements	January 1, 2003 - October 17, 2027	411	411
Vehicle lease agreements	January 1, 2003 - November 30, 2006	<u>525</u>	<u>514</u>
Total		<u>936</u>	<u>925</u>

2. Service Agreement

On November 12, 2002 the Bank has entered into an Information Technology Service Agreement with IBM Thailand Co., Ltd., under which the service will be provided until December 31, 2012 and for which as of September 30, 2003 the Bank is committed to pay a total service fee of Baht 9,357 million.

19 CHANGE OF ACCOUNTING PROCEDURE OF THE ASSET MANAGEMENT SUBSIDIARIES

In the accounting period 2003, the asset management subsidiaries accounted for the transfer of financial assets from investment in receivables to loan, in accordance with the Bank of Thailand's notification, dated December 3, 2002, "Re: Accounting procedures regarding purchasing or taking of transfer of loan debtors and supervision guidelines", which is applicable to financial statements for accounting periods ended on or after December 31, 2003 onwards, as follows;

Investments in receivables, which were restructured, have been transferred to loans at the fair value on the transfer date, including the debtors restructured before the year 2003. The subsidiaries recognized interest income on loans on a cash basis in 2003, whereas previously they recognized interest income by the effective yield method.

The effects of the change in the accounting procedure of the asset management subsidiaries on the consolidated and separate financial statements are summarized as follows:

			(Mil	lion Baht)
	Consolid	iated	The Bank	
As of September 30, 2003				•
Decrease in long-term investments - net	6,22	18	-	
Increase in investment in subsidiaries and associated companies - net	•		2,7	58
Increase in loans - net	11,36	53	-	
			(Million Baht)	
	Consolidated		The Bank	
For the period ended September 30, 2003	Three-Month	Nine-Month	Three-Month	Nine-Month
Decrease in interest income on loans	(608)	(790)	-	-
Decrease in interest income from investments	(377)	(761)	-	-
Decrease in bad debt and doubtful accounts	877	1,573	-	•
Increase in gain (loss) on transfer of financial assets	(214)	2,736	-	•
(Decrease) increase in share of profit from investments				
on equity method			(322)	2,758
(Decrease) increase in net income	<u>(322)</u>	<u>2,758</u>	<u>(322)</u>	<u>2,758</u>

In accordance with the Bank of Thailand's notification, dated December 3, 2002, there is no requirement to apply this change in accounting procedure retroactively.

(Decrease) increase in earnings per share

(0.14)

<u> 1.17</u>

(0.14)

1.17

20 THE FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS DIFFERENTIATED BY DOMESTIC AND OVERSEAS BUSINESS

The financial position and results of operations differentiated by domestic and overseas business were summarized as follows:

1. Financial Position Classified by Types of Business

(Million Baht)

Consolidated

September 30, 2003

	Domestic	Overseas	Eliminated		
	Business	<u>Business</u>	<u>Total</u>	Transactions	<u>Total</u>
Total assets	801,074	17,698	818,772	(7,299)	811,473
Interbank and money market items - net					
(assets)	84,696	4,878	89,574	-	89,574
Investments – net	140,136	12,112	152,248	-	152,248
Loans	523,222	803	524,025	-	524,025
Deposits	690,165	73	690,238	-	690,238
Interbank and money market items (liabilities)	6,435	-	6,435	-	6,435
Borrowings	39,967	7,944	47,911	•	47,911
Contingencies	405,736	20,086	425,822	(16,108)	409,714

(Million Baht)

Consolidated

September 30, 2003

	Domestic	Overseas	Eliminated			
	Business	Business	Total	Transactions	Total	
Total assets	749,056	26,112	775,168	(14,386)	760,782	
Interbank and money market items - net						
(assets)	89,581	5,259	94,840	-	94,840	
Investments – net	144,963	19,901	164,864	-	164,864	
Loans	505,259	944	506,203	-	506,203	
Deposits	651,315	78	651,393	-	651,393	
Interbank and money market items (liabilities)	5,693	-	5,693	•	5,693	
Borrowings	39,967	8,589	48,556	-	48,556	
Contingencies	395,106	20,674	415,780	(17,565)	398,215	

A

The Bank
September 30, 2003

	Domestic	Overseas		Eliminated	
	<u>Business</u>	<u>Business</u>	<u>Total</u>	Transactions	<u>Total</u>
Total assets	800,706	17,698	818,404	(7,299)	811,105
Interbank and money market items - net					
(assets)	84,648	4,878	89,526	-	89,526
Investments – net	145,438	12,112	157,550	-	157,550
Loans	504,060	803	504,863	-	504,863
Deposits	690,809	73	690,882	-	690,882
Interbank and money market items (liabilities)	6,030	-	6,030	-	6,030
Borrowings	39,967	7,944	47,911	-	47,911
Contingencies	405,688	20,086	425,774	(16,108)	409,666

(Million Baht)

The Bank December 31, 2002

	Domestic	Overseas		Eliminated	
	Business	<u>Business</u>	<u>Total</u>	Transactions	Total
Total assets	748,976	26,112	775,088	(14,386)	760,702
Interbank and money market items - net					
(assets)	89,514	5,259	94,773	•	94,773
Investments – net	138,868	19,901	158,769	-	158,769
Loans	495,582	943	496,525	-	496,525
Deposits	651,922	78	652,000	-	652,000
Interbank and money market items (liabilities)	5,693	-	5,693	-	5,693
Borrowings	39,967	8,589	48,556	-	48,556
Contingencies	395,106	20,674	415,780	(17,565)	398,215

2. Results of Operations Classified by Types of Business

(Million Baht)

Consolidated

	Domestic	Overseas		Eliminated	
	Business	Business	<u>Total</u>	Transactions	Total
Interest and dividend income	7,978	109	8,087	(43)	8,044
Interest expense	2,844	<u>212</u>	3,056	<u>(43)</u>	3,013
Net income (expense) from interest and					
dividend	5,134	(103)	5,031	•	5,031
Non-interest income	1,631	234	1,865	-	1,865
Non-interest expense	<u>4,941</u>	_(1)	4,940		<u>4,940</u>
Income before income tax	<u>1,824</u>	<u>132</u>	<u>1,956</u>	<u> </u>	1,956

(Million Baht)

Consolidated

For the Three-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2002

	Domestic	Overseas		Eliminated	
	Business	Business	<u>Total</u>	Transactions	<u>Total</u>
Interest and dividend income	9,195	191	9,386	(98)	9,288
Interest expense	<u>4,146</u>	<u>284</u>	<u>4,430</u>	<u>(98)</u>	<u>4,332</u>
Net income (expense) from interest and					
dividend	5,049	(93)	4,956	-	4,956
Non-interest income	1,476	145	1,621	-	1,621
Non-interest expense	<u>4,685</u>	_33	4.718		<u>4,718</u>
Income before income tax	<u>1,840</u>	<u>_19</u>	<u>1,859</u>	-	<u>1,859</u>

(Million Baht)

The Bank

For the Three-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2003

	Domestic <u>Business</u>	Overseas	Eliminated		
		Business	<u>Total</u>	Transactions	<u>Total</u>
Interest and dividend income	7,472	109	7,581	(43)	7,538
Interest expense	2,840	<u>212</u>	3,052	<u>(43)</u>	3,009
Net income (expense) from interest and					
dividend	4,632	(103)	4,529		4,529
Non-interest income	1,539	234	1,773	-	1,773
Non-interest expense	<u>4,394</u>	_(1)	4,393		4,393
Income before income tax	1,777	132	1,909		1.909

The Bank
For the Three-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2002

Domestic	Overseas		Eliminated	
Business	Business	<u>Total</u>	Transactions	<u>Total</u>
8,279	191	8,470	(98)	8,372
<u>4.146</u>	<u>284</u>	4,430	<u>(98)</u>	4.332
4,133	(93)	4,040	-	4,040
1,791	145	1,936	-	1,936
<u>4,097</u>	_33	4.130	-	4.130
<u>1,827</u>	<u>_19</u>	<u>1,846</u>	-	<u>1,846</u>
	Business 8,279 4,146 4,133 1,791 4,097	Business Business 8,279 191 4,146 284 4,133 (93) 1,791 145 4,097 _33	Business Business Total 8,279 191 8,470 4.146 284 4,430 4,133 (93) 4,040 1,791 145 1,936 4,097 _33 4,130	Business Business Total Transactions 8,279 191 8,470 (98) 4,146 284 4,430 (98) 4,133 (93) 4,040 - 1,791 145 1,936 - 4,097 33 4,130 -

(Million Baht)

Consolidated

For the Nine-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2003

	Domestic Overseas				
	<u>Business</u>	<u>Business</u>	Total	Transactions	<u>Total</u>
Interest and dividend income	24,432	426	24,858	(214)	24,644
Interest expense	<u>9,804</u>	<u>733</u>	10,537	<u>(214)</u>	10,323
Net income (expense) from interest and					
dividend	14,628	(307)	14,321	, -	14,321
Non-interest income	10,673	990	11,663	-	11,663
Non-interest expense	13,070	<u>64</u>	<u>13,134</u>		13,134
Income before income tax	12,231	<u>619</u>	12,850		12,850

(Million Baht)

Consolidated

For the Nine-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2002

	Domestic	Overseas	Eliminated		
	Business	Business	Total	Transactions	<u>Total</u>
Interest and dividend income	26,871	645	27,516	(347)	27,169
Interest expense	12,733	<u>957</u>	13,690	<u>(347)</u>	13,343
Net income (expense) from interest and					
dividend	14,138	(312)	13,826	-	13,826
Non-interest income	6,163	479	6,642	(11)	6,631
Non-interest expense	14,731	<u>44</u>	14,775	(11)	<u>14.764</u>
Income before income tax	5.570	123	5.693		5.693

The Bank
For the Nine-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2003

	Domestic	Overseas		Eliminated	
	Business	Business	<u>Total</u>	Transactions	<u>Total</u>
Interest and dividend income	23,199	426	23,625	(214)	23,411
Interest expense	9,785	<u>733</u>	10,518	(214)	10,304
Net income (expense) from interest and					
dividend	13,414	(307)	13,107	-	13,107
Non-interest income	11,347	990	12,337	-	12,337
Non-interest expense	12,612	_64	12,676		12,676
Income before income tax	<u>12,149</u>	<u>619</u>	12,768		<u>12,768</u>
			(Million Baht)		

The Bank

For the Nine-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2002

	Domestic	Overseas		Eliminated	
	<u>Business</u>	Business	Total	Transactions	<u>Total</u>
Interest and dividend income	24,969	645	25,614	(347)	25,267
Interest expense	12,733	<u>957</u>	13,690	(347)	13,343
Net income (expense) from interest and					
dividend	12,236	(312)	11,924	•	11,924
Non-interest income	6,365	479	6,844	(11)	6,833
Non-interest expense	13,081	<u>44</u>	13,125	(11)	<u>13,114</u>
Income before income tax	5,520	<u>123</u>	<u>5,643</u>		<u>5,643</u>

21 SHARE CAPITAL

On July 11, 2003, the Bank registered the change of its paid-up share capital as a result from the increase in paid-up capital of 970,700 shares at Baht 10 par value, totaling Baht 9,707,000, from the exercise of warrants for ordinary shares, which were issued and offered for sale to Bank employees (except for directors). The Bank has total paid-up share capital of Baht 23,540,654,170, which consists of 2,353,518,072 ordinary shares and 547,345 class A preferred shares.

22 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Board of Directors in its meeting on September 25, 2003 approved the issuance of the Subordinated Debentures in name certificate without security and not convertible, having debenture holder representative in Thai Baht currency not exceeding Baht 12,000 million, with a maturity of no more than 10 years in order to raise long-term funding a reasonable cost, to efficiently manage the interest rate risk and liquidity risk, as well as to strengthen the status of the Banks tier two capital funds. On October 16, 2003, the Bank issued the Subordinated Debentures of KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED No.3 Due A.D. 2013 in the amount of Baht 12,000 million, with a ten-year maturity. The Bank may redeem the debentures before the maturity, and upon approval of the Bank of Thailand which however shall be in accordance with terms and conditions as follows: (1) On the fifth anniversary of the issue date or any subsequent interest payment date after the fifth anniversary of the issue date; or (2) If the Bank can demonstrate that interest payments under the Debentures are no longer, or will no longer be, deductible as an expense for income tax purposes; or (3) Any other case as may be later stipulated by the Bank of Thailand. The debentures bear interest at the fixed interest rate for 1-5 years of 3.75 percent per annum and fixed interest rate for 6-10 years of 4.25 percent per annum. Interest will be payable quarterly.

The Board of Directors in its meeting on October 30, 2003, approved the early redemption of the Subordinated Debentures cum Preferred Shares of KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED No.1 Due upon Liquidation in the amount of Baht 19,999,986,300 and the Subordinated Debentures of KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED No.2 Due A.D. 2006 in the amount of Baht 20,000,000,000 which will be proceeded on January 12, 2004, and to approve any actions pertaining to the Redemption of Instruments and the conversion of the Class A Preferred Shares into ordinary shares in accordance with the Bank's Articles of Association, Terms and Conditions of the Instruments, Agreements and relevant laws. The Bank has obtained approval from the Bank of Thailand to proceed with the early redemption of instruments, subject to conditions that the ratio of capital fund to risk assets of the Bank shall not thereby become lower than 9% and that the Bank must comply with the Bank of Thailand's relevant letter.

23 RECLASSIFICATION OF ACCOUNTS

Certain accounts in the financial statements for the three-month and the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2002 have been reclassified to conform with the presentation in the financial statements for the three-month and the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003.